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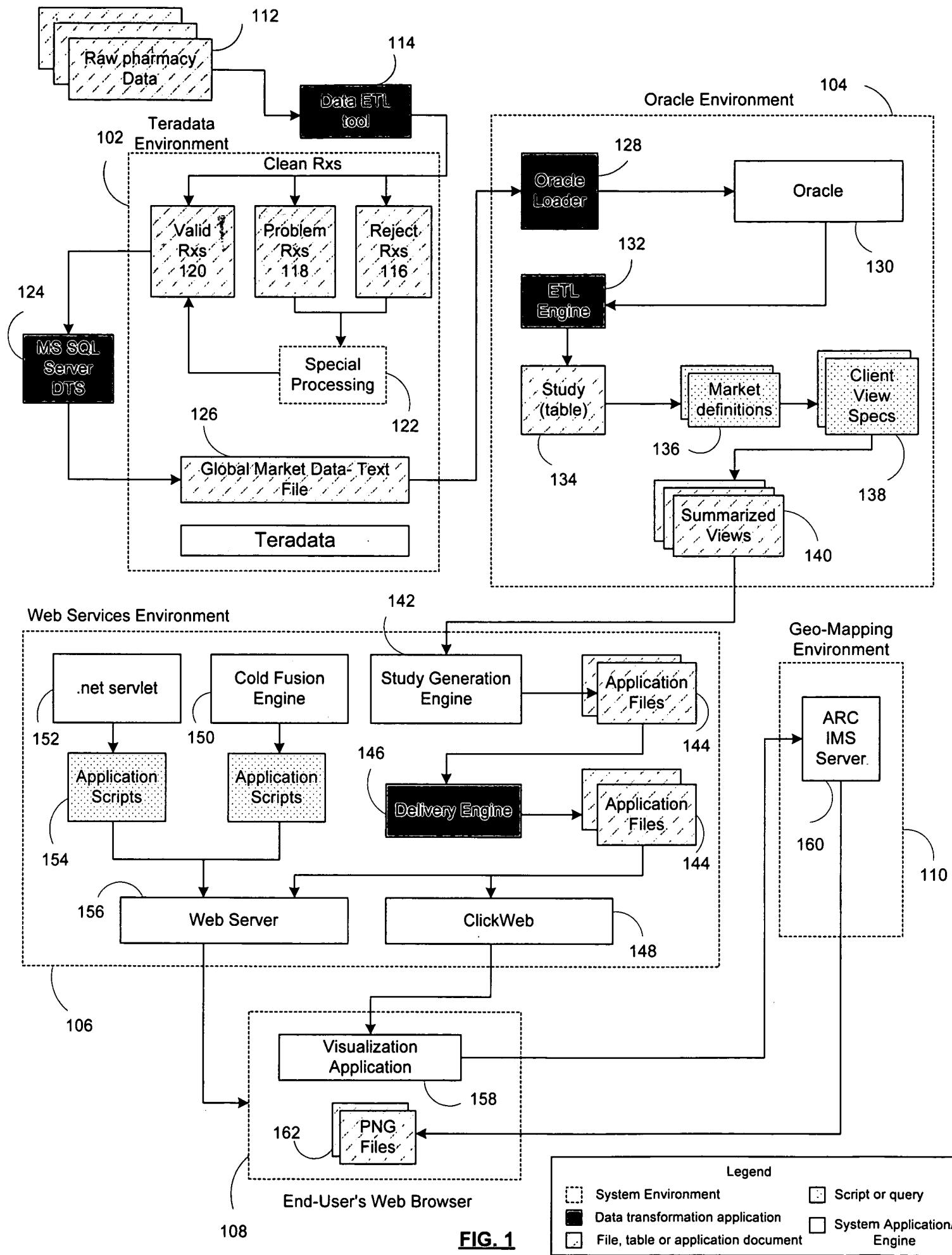


FIG. 1

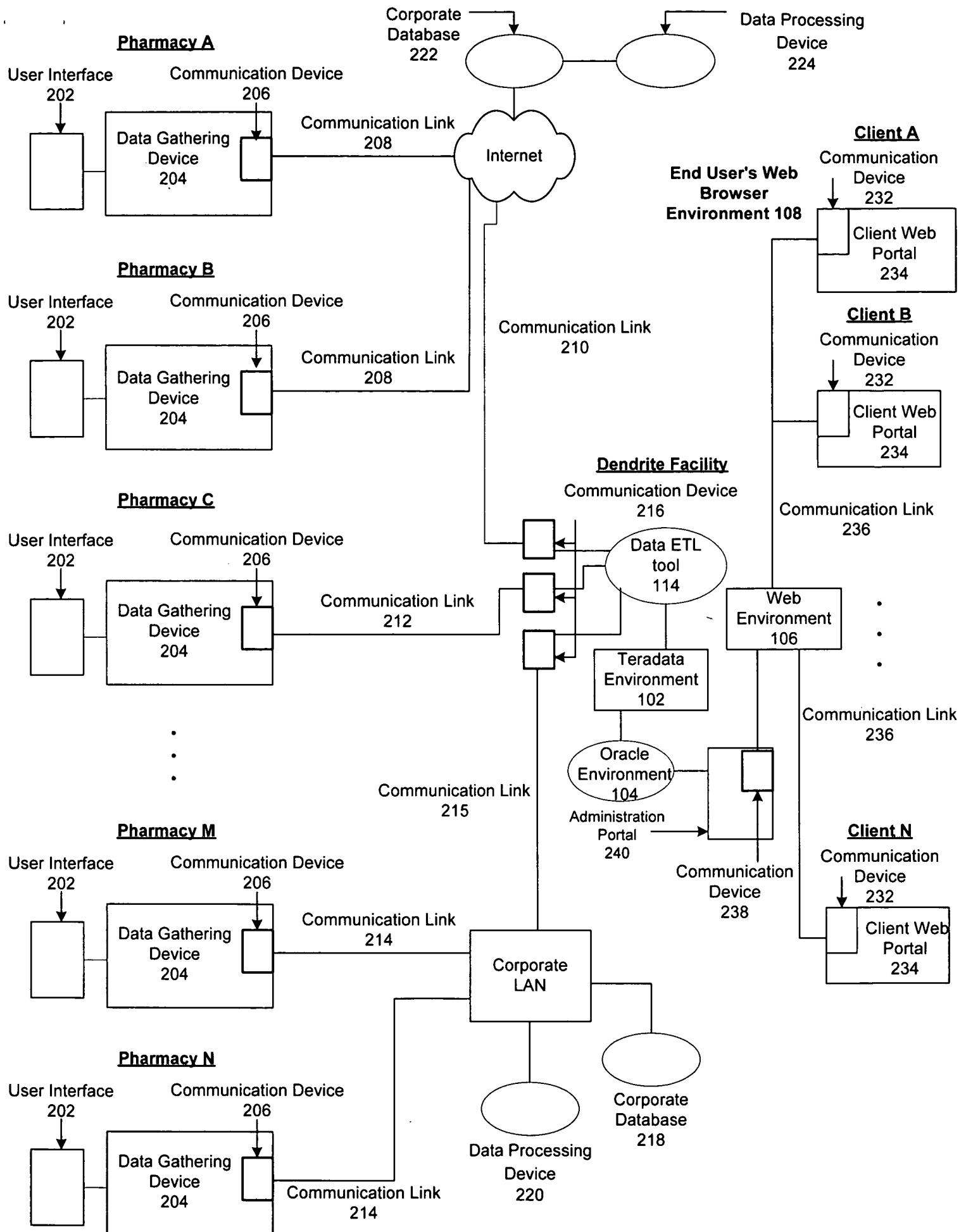


FIG. 2

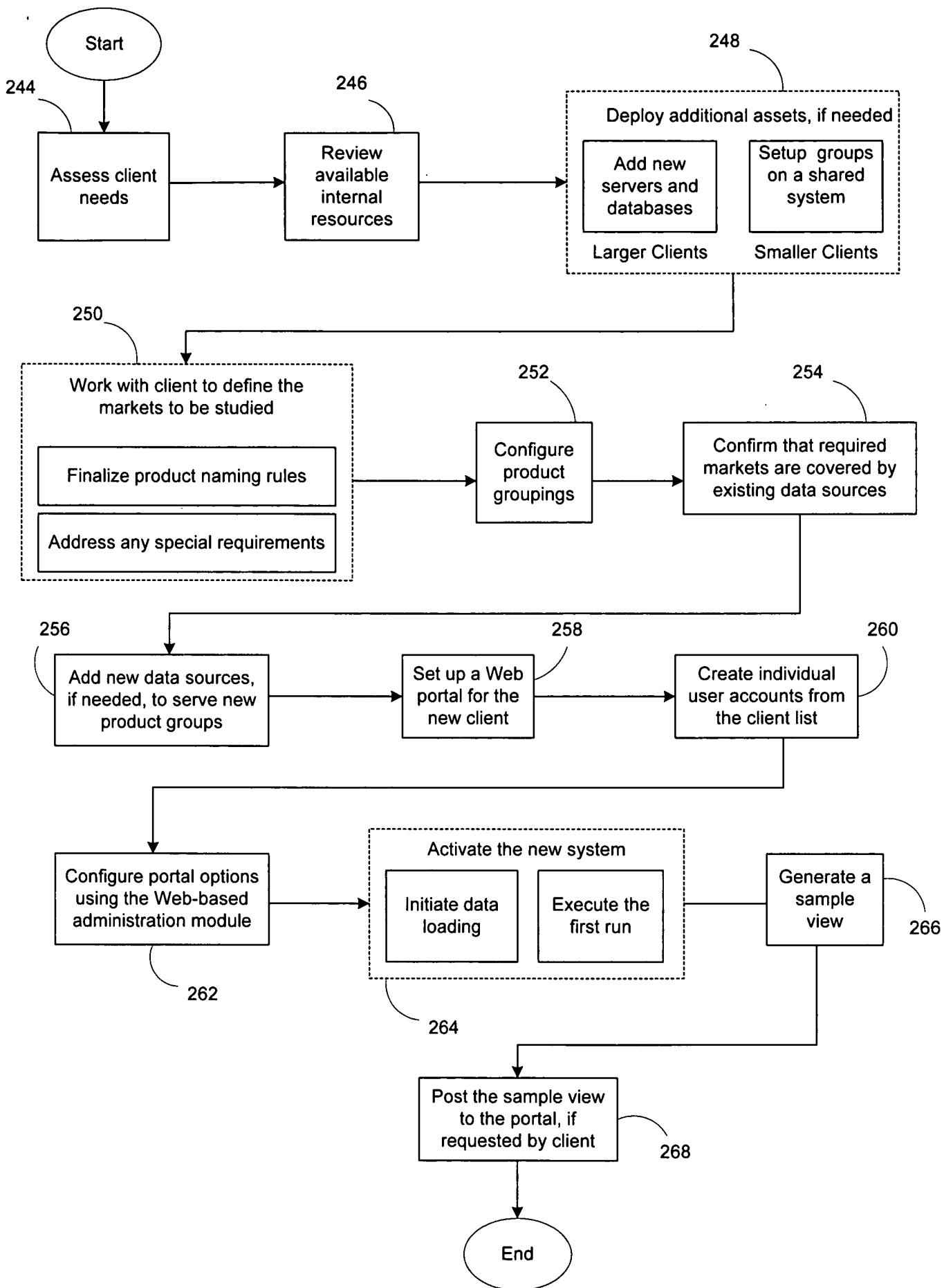


FIG. 2a

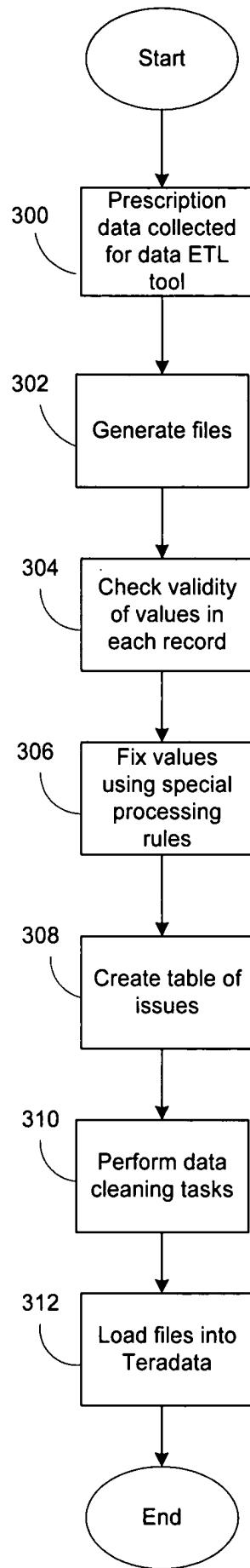


FIG. 3

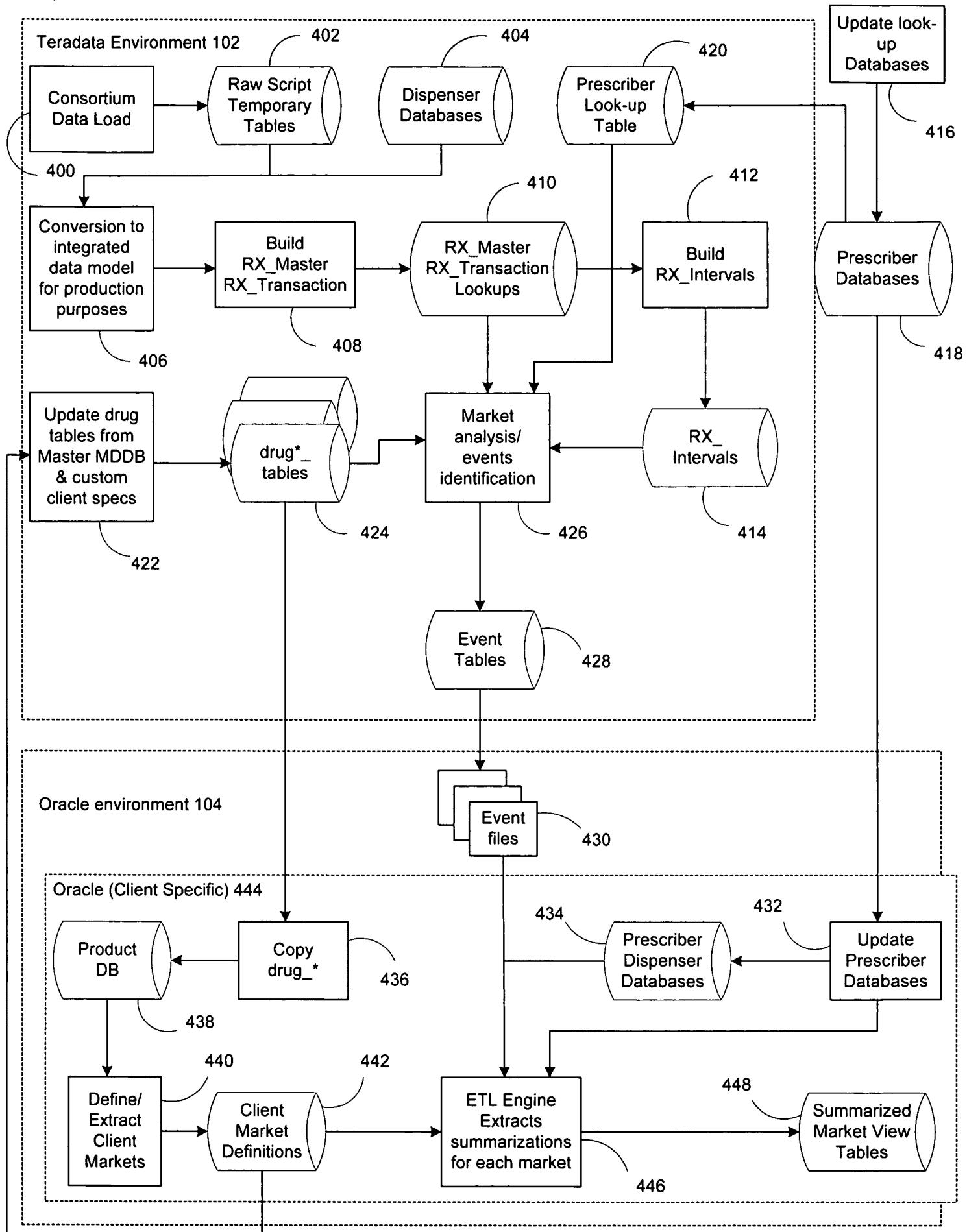


FIG. 4

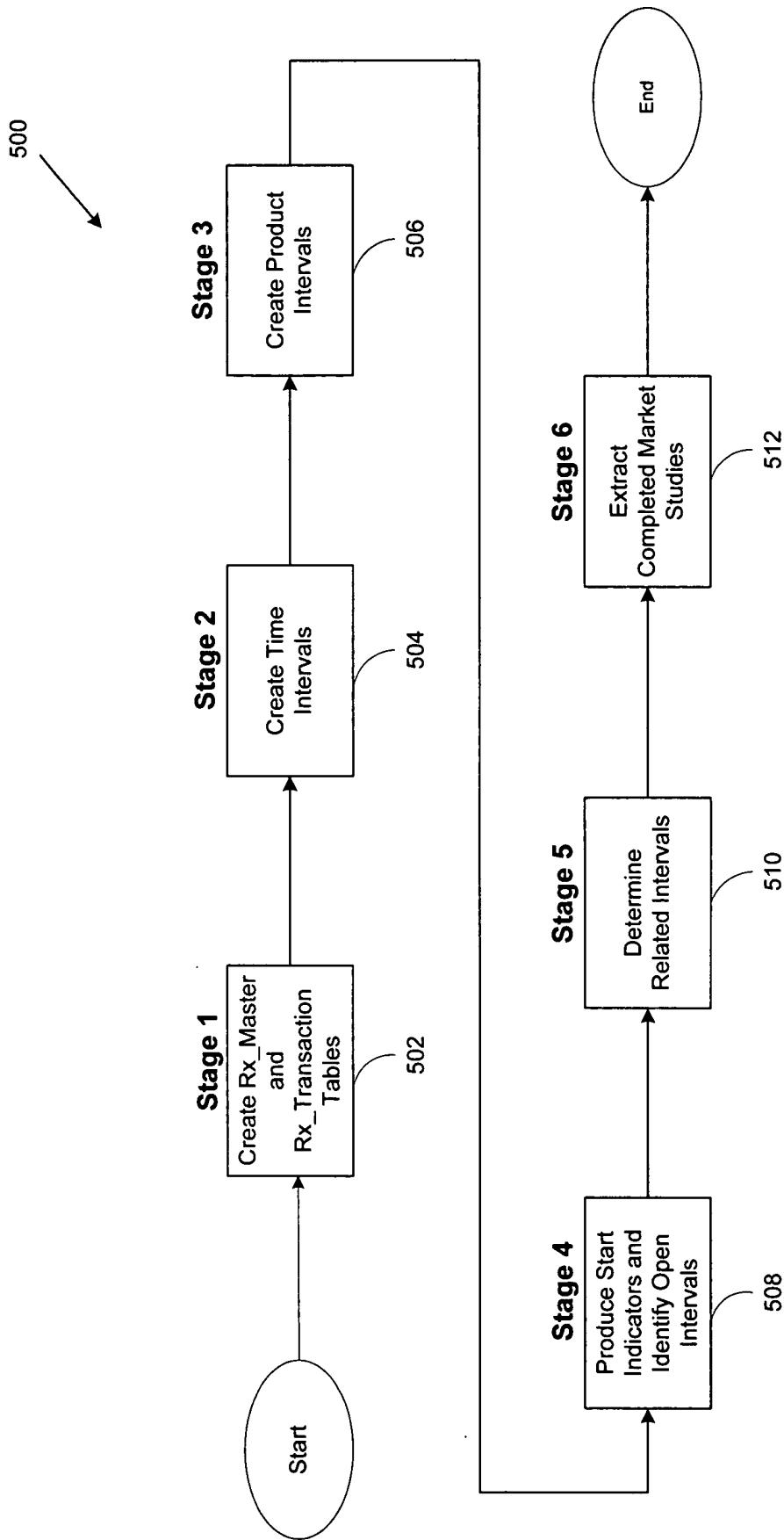


FIG. 5

RX_Master
rx_id
patient_id
dispenser_id
prescriber_id
dispensed_NDC9

514

RX_Transaction
rx_id
transaction_id
Dispensed_NDC_Pack
age_Code
refill_nbr
dispensed_date
dispensed_quantity
days_supply_dispensed
Payment_Type
DAW_Code

516

G_Atomic_Intervals
rx_id
group_code
dispensed_date
end_date
day_qty
refill_nbr
start_order

518

RX_Intervals
rx_id
start_date
end_date
last_refill_date
qty
start_refill_nbr
refill_count

520

Product_Intervals
patient_id
interval_id
prescriber_id
product_id
category_id
area_id
start_date
end_date
last_refill_date

522

Tmpg_MergedIntervals
patient_id
prescriber_id
ncpdp_nbr
product_id
category_id
area_id
start_date
end_date
last_refill_date
start_refill_nbr
start_indicator
interval_id
group_code

524

TEMP_Event_Intervals
patient_id
prescriber_id
product_id
category_id
area_id
start_date
end_date
last_refill_date
start_indicator
interval_id
flg_opened_interval

526

Related_Intervals
patient_id
interval_id
related_interval_id
relation_type

528

Event_Intervals
patient_id
prescriber_id
product_id
category_id
area_id
start_date
end_date
last_refill_date
start_indicator
interval_id
flg_opened_interval

530

FIG. 5a

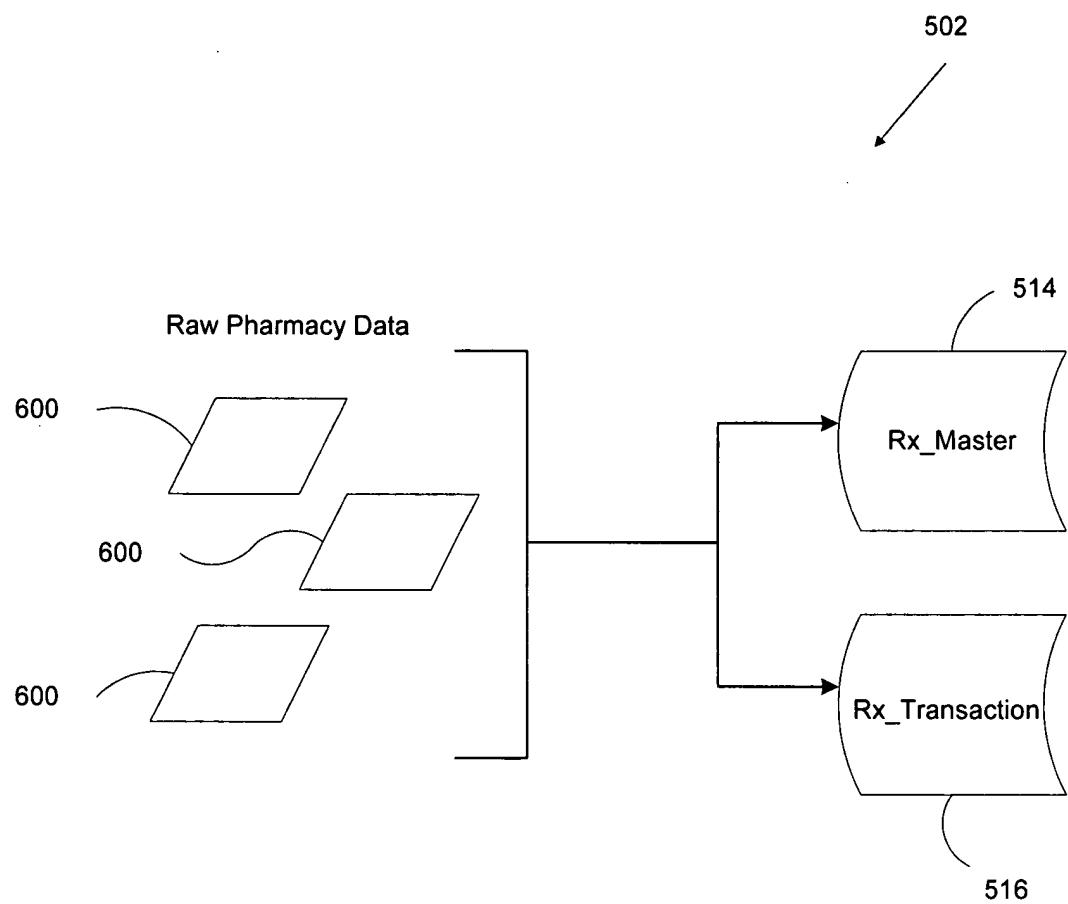


FIG. 6

RX_Master			
Column Name	Data Type	Null Option	Description
<i>rx_id</i>			Primary key. Keys this table to RX_Transaction.
<i>patient_id</i>			A unique identifier for the current anonymous patient. Details about the patient, including birth year and gender, are stored separately in a Patient table. The Patient table is keyed to this <i>Patient_ID</i> as is the Patient Identifier used by the Dispenser for this patient.
<i>dispenser_id</i>			A unique identifier which indicates the pharmacy that dispensed the product to the patient. <i>Dispenser_ID</i> is used to link to the dispenser table contains details about the dispenser/pharmacy including address, chain affiliations, store affiliations and NCPDP number. Currently, the <i>Dispenser_ID</i> is the pharmacy's NCPDP number but this may be changed at some point because not all data providers supply NCPDP numbers.
<i>prescriber_id</i>			Identifies the prescribing physician. This is a sequentially generated identifier. The xRef_DEA table provides a look-up between the <i>prescriber_id</i> and the DEA number. In the future, another "xRef" table will provide a direct map between the <i>prescriber_id</i> and the Dendrite UMP database.
<i>dispensed_NDC9</i>			Identifies the product dispensed. The number is the first 9 digits of an 11-digit format National Drug Code (NDC code). The first 5 digits of this number identifies the manufacturer. The next 4 digits provide the manufacturer's product number. <i>Dispensed_NDC9</i> is stored as an integer, thus the leading 0's are implicit. Since the last 2 digits of an 11-digit NDC number just specify a given product's package code, we can safely assume that all prescriptions with the same first 9 digits are, in fact, the same product. Note: Any product with an NDC code which doesn't follow the NDC11 to NDC9 roll-up cannot be analyzed using ScriptMaxIQ. This includes products like medical devices.

RX_Transaction			
Column Name	Data Type	Null Option	Description
<i>rx_id</i>	INTEGER	NOT NULL	Primary key. Keys this table to RX_Master.
<i>transaction_id</i>	DECIMAL(11,0)	NOT NULL	Uniquely identifies the current purchase transaction. Since prescription IDs aren't required for consortium data, this id is derived by combining the four elements which make up <i>rx_id</i> as well as <i>refill_no</i> and <i>dispensed_date</i> .
<i>Dispensed_NDC_Package_Code</i>	SMALLINT		Holds the last 2 digits that had been removed to create the <i>Dispensed_NDC9</i> number from the current prescription's 11-digit NDC Code.
<i>REFILL_NBR</i>	SMALLINT		This is the refill sequence number from the original prescription. The first full prescription has a refill number of 0.
<i>dispensed_date</i>	DATE FORMAT 'YYYY-MM-DD'	NOT NULL	Specifies the date that the current transaction occurred.
<i>dispensed_quantity</i>	DECIMAL(10,2) COMPRESS 30.00		Indicates the number of dosages (pills, capsules, etc.) that were dispensed.
<i>DAYS_SUPPLY_DISPENSED</i>	SMALLINT COMPRESS 30		Shows the number of days that this dispensed medication is scheduled to last, i.e., 60 pills @ 2 per day = 30 days. There are values for <i>days_supply_dispensed</i> which don't match the day supply but indicate other things. For example, a value of "98" or "99" indicates that a given product was dispensed on an "as needed" basis.
<i>Payment_Type</i>	VARCHAR(1) CHARACTER SET LATIN NOT CASESPECIFIC		Specifies the form of payment used to purchase this medication, i.e., cash, medical insurance or Medicare.
<i>DAW_Code</i>	VARCHAR(2)	CHARACTER SET LATIN NOT CASESPECIFIC	Shows whether the dispenser provided the exact product specified on the prescription or a substitute.

FIG 6a

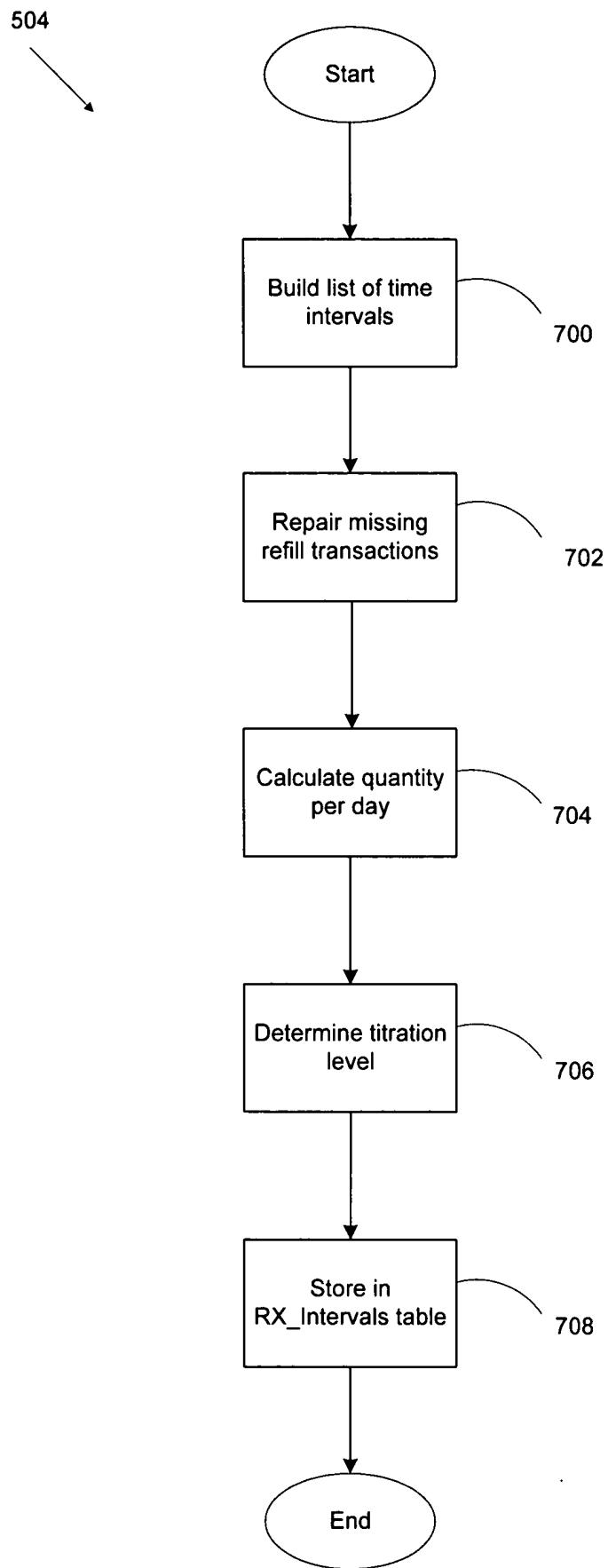


FIG. 7

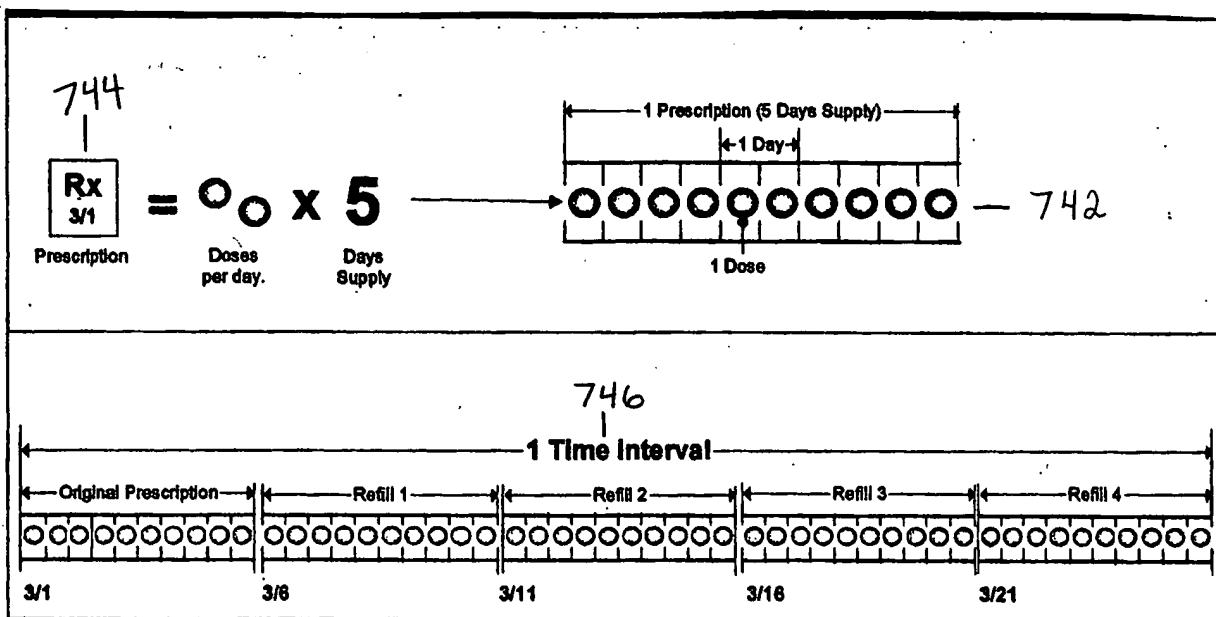
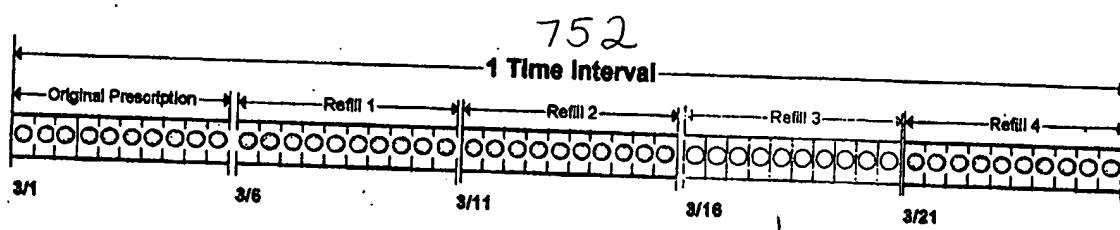


FIG. 7a



750

FIG. 7b

RX_Interval			
Column Name	Data Type	Null Option	Description
<i>rx_id</i>			Primary Key.
<i>start_date</i>			Indicates the start of the current refill's treatment cycle. Calculated from the Rx purchase date.
<i>end_date</i>			Indicates the end of the current refill's treatment cycle. Calculated by adding the <i>days_supply</i> of the medication to its purchase date.
<i>last_refill_date</i>			<i>last_refill_date</i> is the last date within this interval that the patient physically refilled an Rx for the same product. The actual date the patient stopped taking the product will be sometime between this date and <i>end_date</i> , which is <i>last_refill_date</i> plus <i>days_supply</i> taken from the last refill (which could be different from the <i>days_supply</i> for all previous refills on a prescription).
<i>qty</i>			Refers to quantity per day of the medication. This is a fractional number.
<i>start_refill_nbr</i>			Stores the refill number of the earliest transaction in

FIG. 7c

710
Rx Transaction Table Entries

Rx_id 714	Transaction_Id	Dispensed_ndc package code	Refill_no	Dispensed Date	Dispensed QTY	Days Supply	Payment Type	DAW
469,814,736	1,442,997,754	08	2	2000-01-28	60	30	T	0
469,814,736	787,315,098	08	3	2000-06-01	60	30	T	0
469,814,736	627,226,368	08	4	2000-07-03	30	15	T	0
469,814,736	469,814,736	08	0	2000-12-11	60	30	T	0
469,814,736	633,143,033	08	1	2001-01-30	60	30	T	0

712
Corresponding RX Interval Records

Rx_id 714	Start_date	End_date	Last_refill_date	Qty	Refill_count	Start_refill_nbr
469,814,736	2000-01-28	2000-07-18	2000-07-03	2.00		
469,814,736	2000-12-11	2001-02-30	2001-01-30	2.00		

FIG. 7d

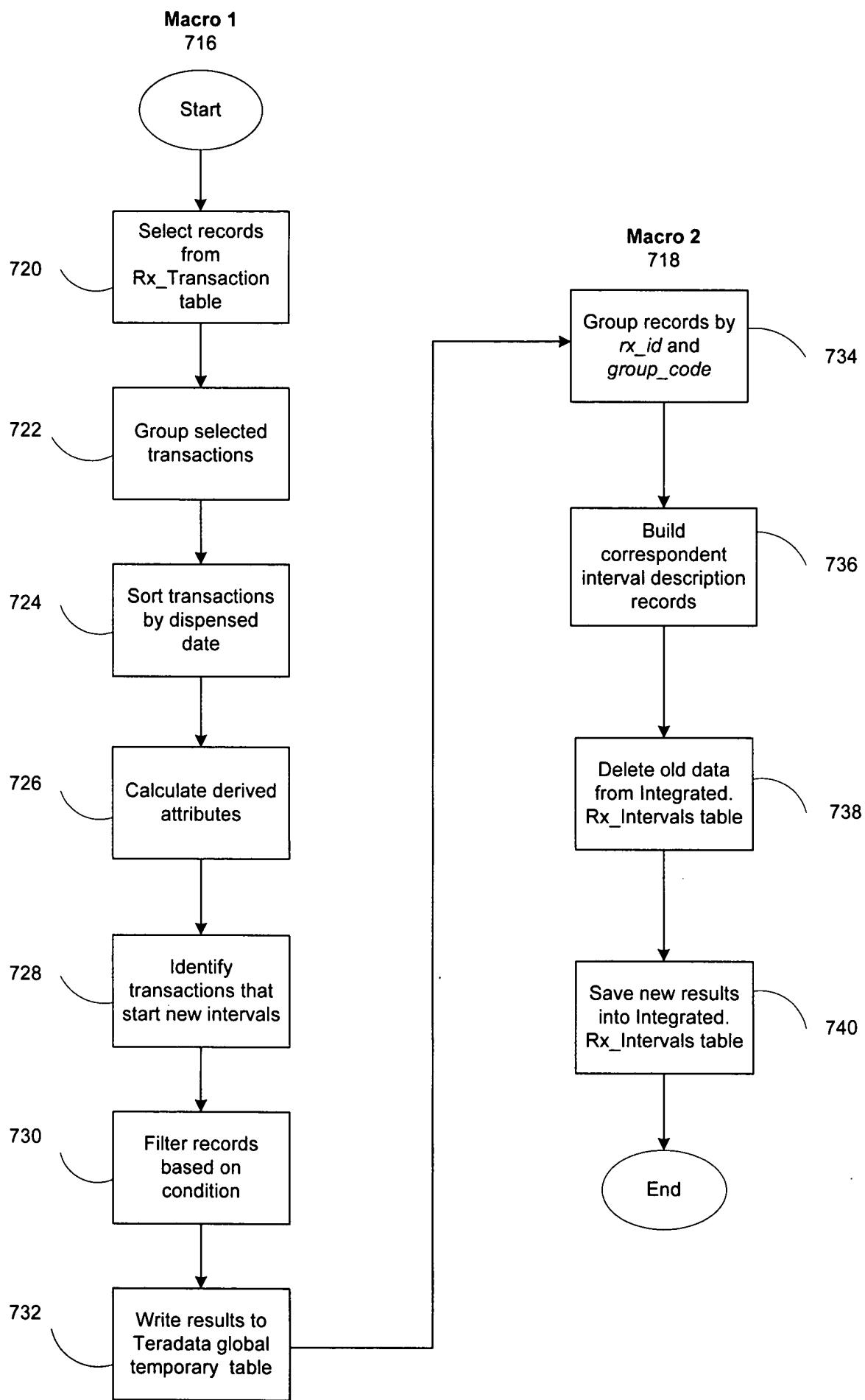


FIG. 7e

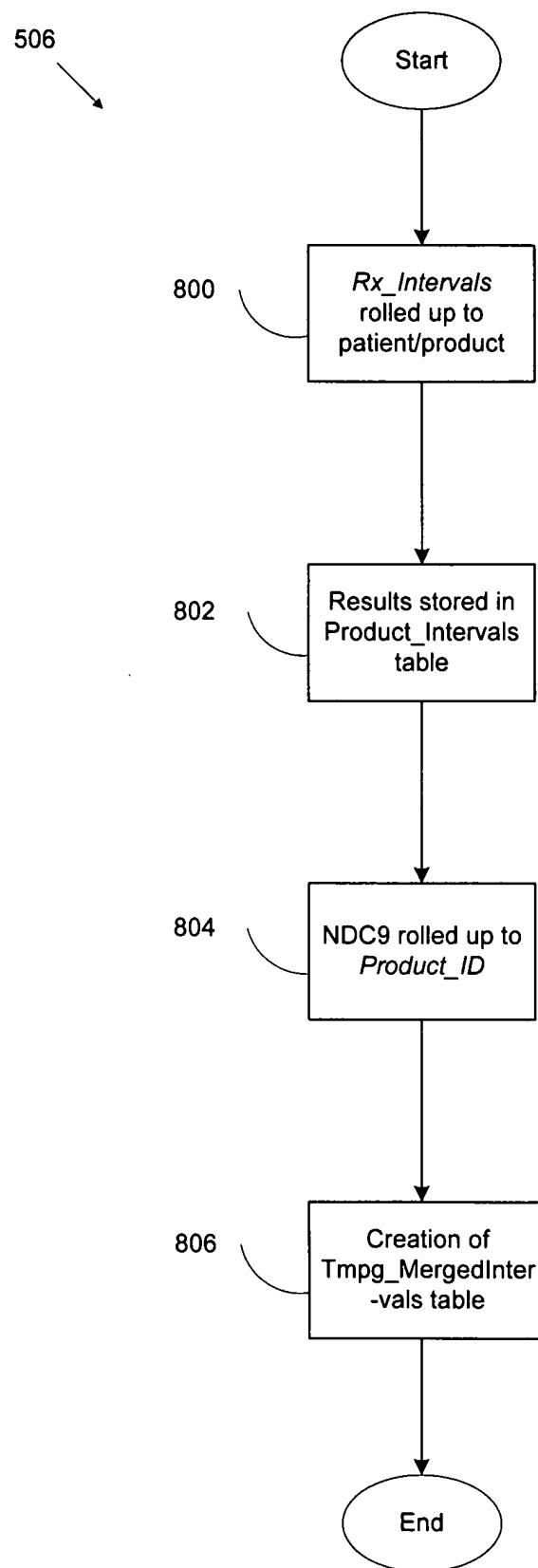


Fig. 8

Product_Interval			
Column Name	Data Type	Null Option	Description
<i>patient_id</i>			<i>patient_id</i> and <i>interval_id</i> are combined to create the primary key. <i>interval_id</i> is a small int and restarts for each patient.
<i>interval_id</i>		Small int	
<i>prescriber_id</i>			Identifies the prescribing physician. This is a sequentially generated identifier. The <i>xRef_DEA</i> table provides a look-up between the <i>prescriber_id</i> and the DEA number. In the future, another "xRef" table will provide a direct map between the <i>prescriber_id</i> and the Dendrite UMP database.
<i>product_id</i>			Corresponds to a combination of a unique product trade name and classification from NDDB. Every unique combination is given a product ID. Product IDs can also be custom-defined. Custom-defined product have negative product IDs.
<i>category_id</i>			<i>Category_ID</i> is the Therapeutic Category that this product belongs to. This is a narrow grouping of products. Products within the same Therapeutic Category are considered generally equivalent to one another, in other words they compete amongst each other. The <i>Category_ID</i> corresponds to the <i>class_id</i> part of a product's Generic Product Identifier (GPI) in the MDDB Database. Classes can also be custom-defined.
<i>area_id</i>			Identifies the Therapeutic Area that this product belongs to. This is a broad grouping of comparable products. That's to say, products between which switch events are possible. If two products are not in the same Therapeutic Area, then they aren't considered switch candidates.
<i>start_date</i>			Indicates the start of the current refill's treatment cycle. Calculated from the Rx purchase date.
<i>end_date</i>			Indicates the end of the current refill's treatment cycle. Calculated by adding the <i>days_supply</i> of the medication to <i>start_date</i> .

FIG. 8a

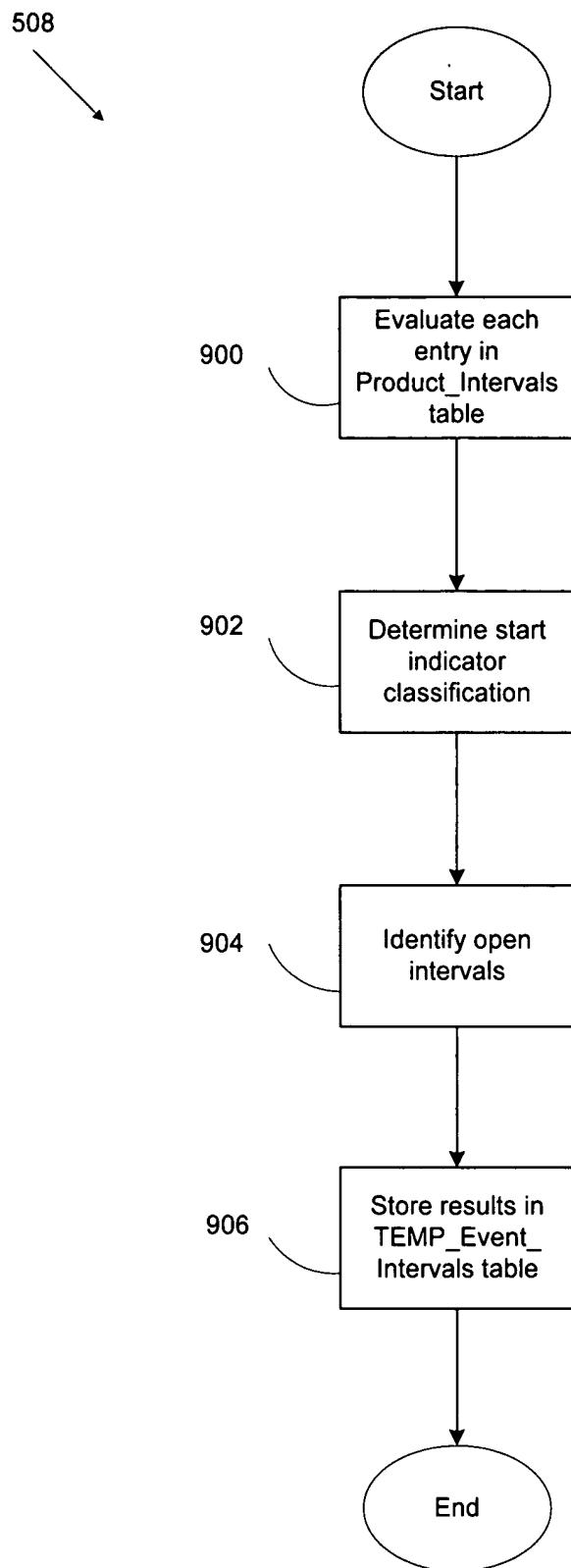


FIG. 9

Value	Name	Description
T	Area Start	First time the patient has taken any product in this therapeutic area
M	Category Start	First time the patient has taken any product in this therapeutic category
B	Product Start	First time the patient has taken this product
R	Restart	The patient is taking this product after not taking this product anytime in the previous 90 days
X	Intermittent	None of the above conditions met. Indicates intermittent use

FIG. 9a

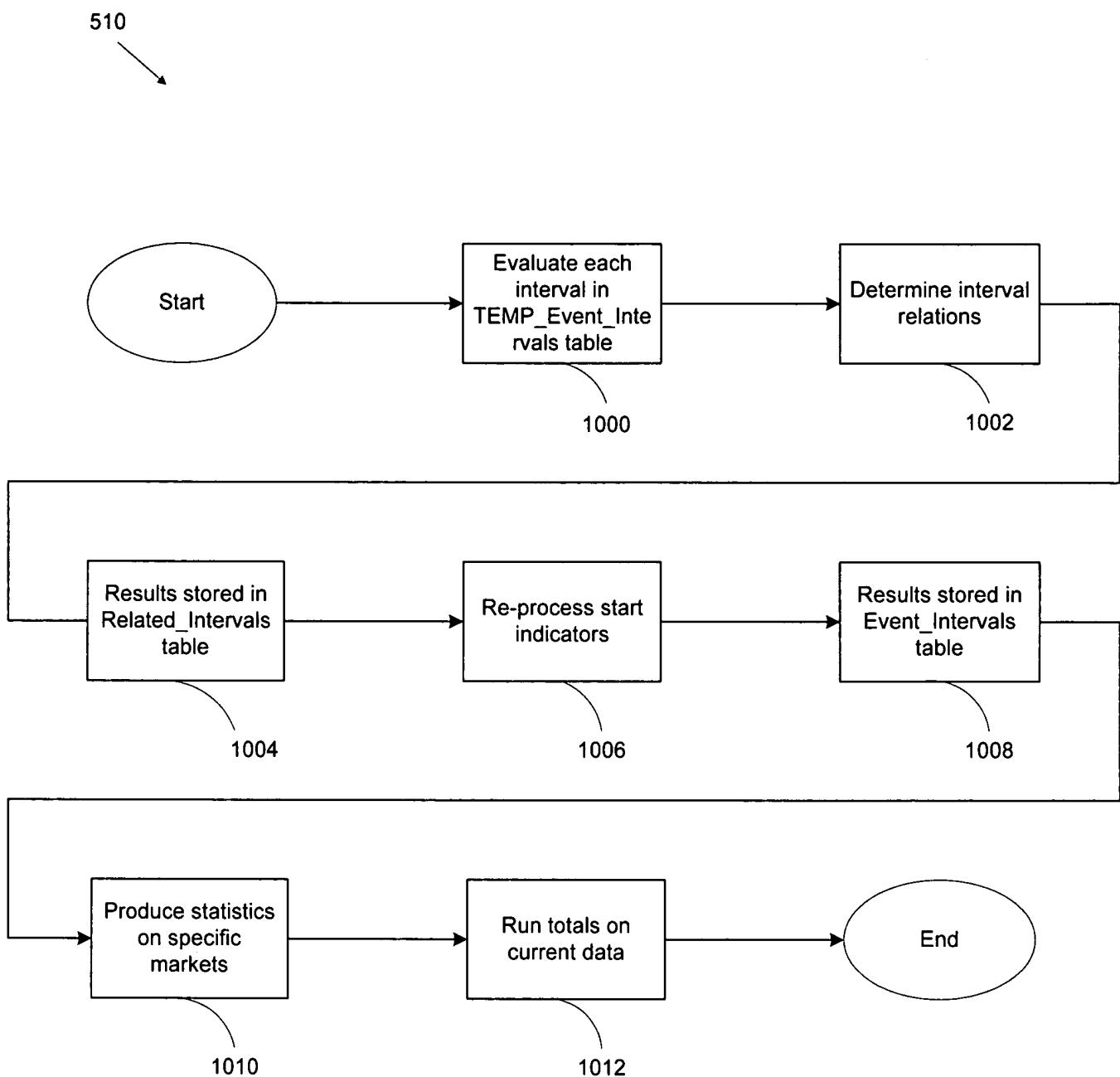


FIG. 10

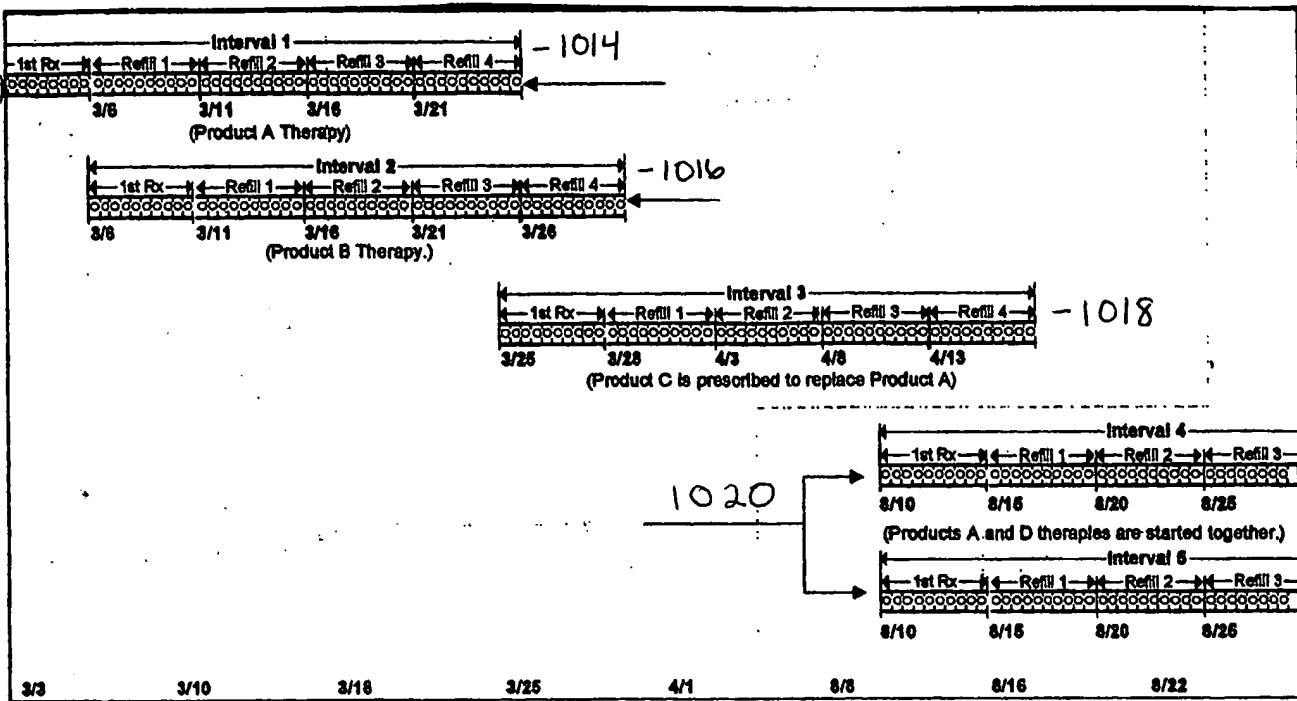
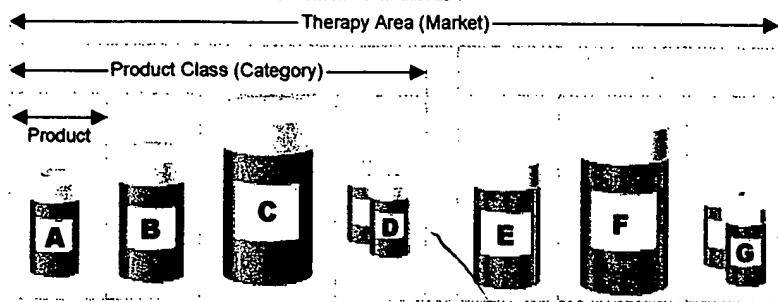


FIG. 10a

1030



1032

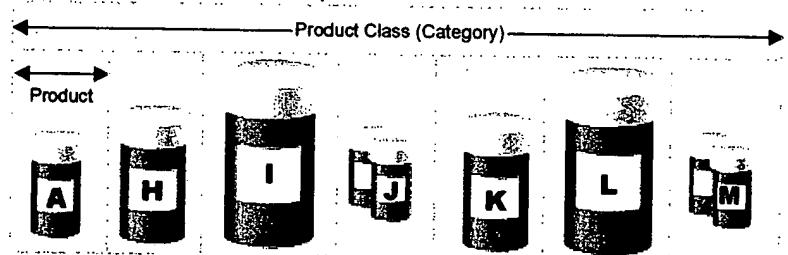
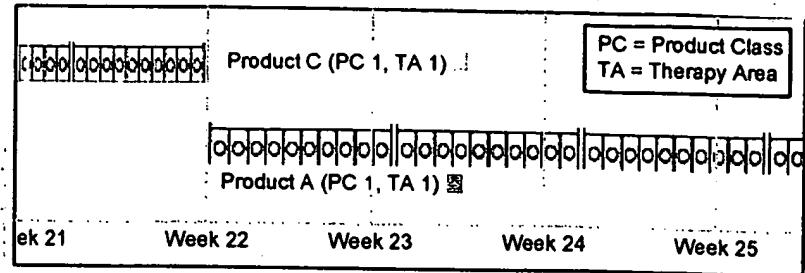
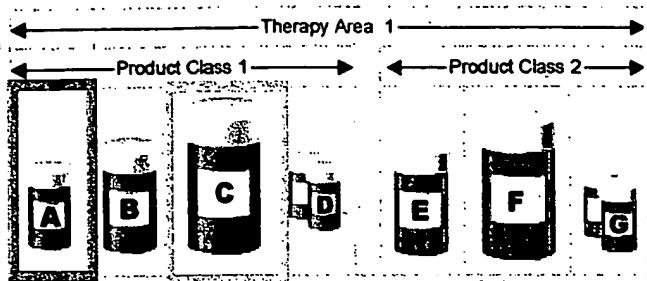
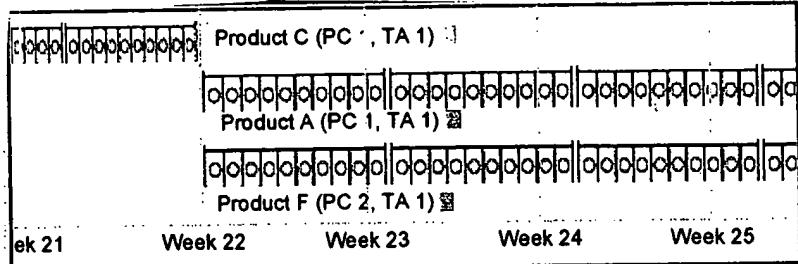
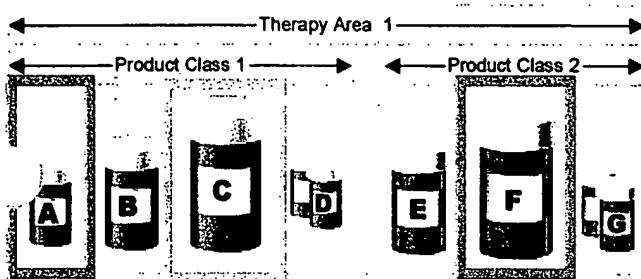


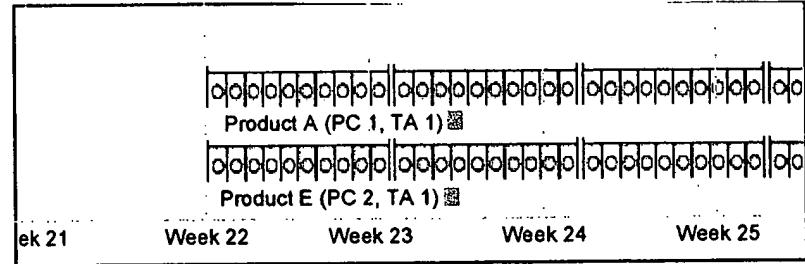
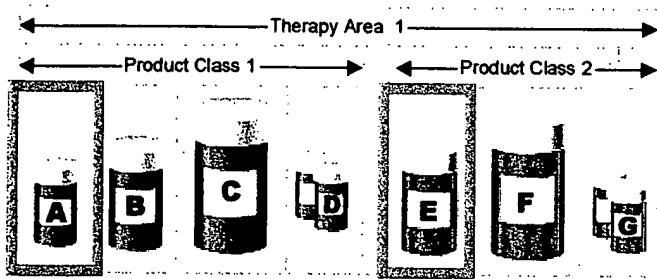
FIG. 10b



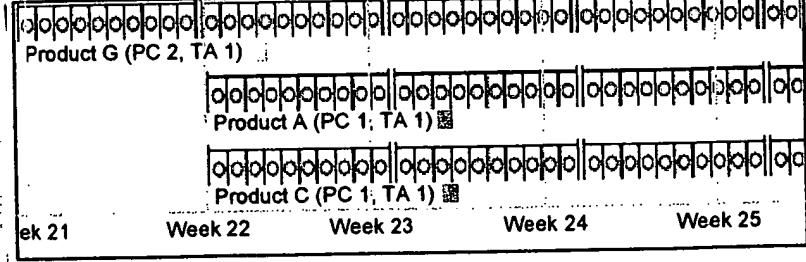
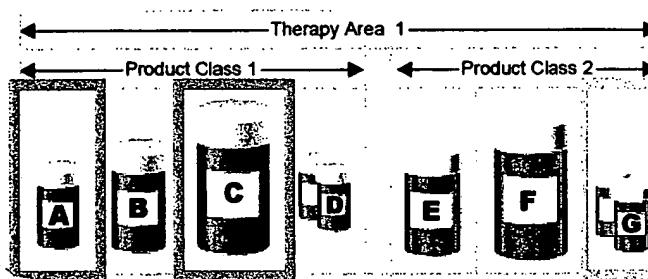
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1036

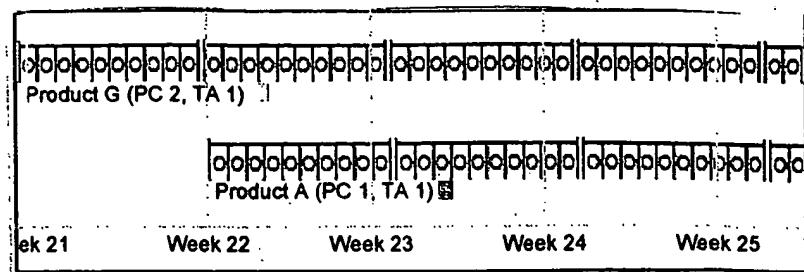
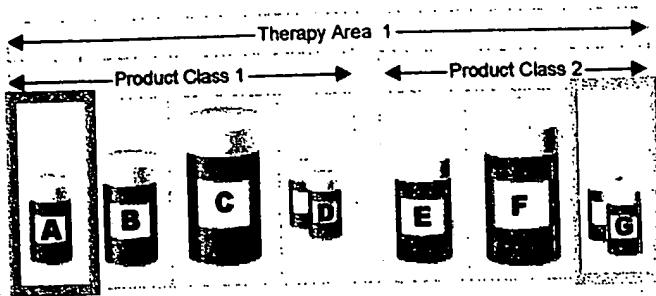


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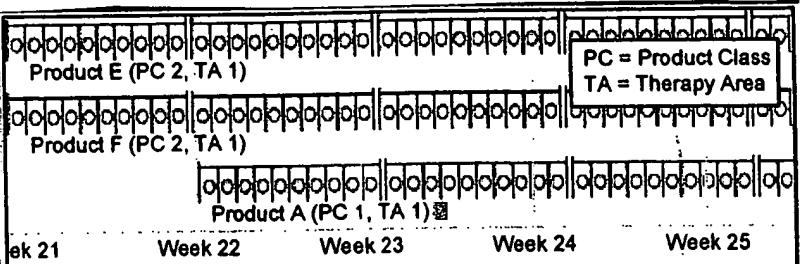
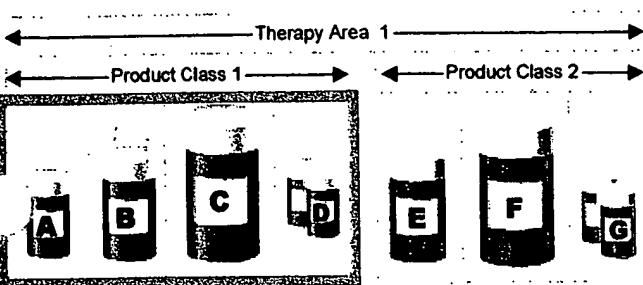


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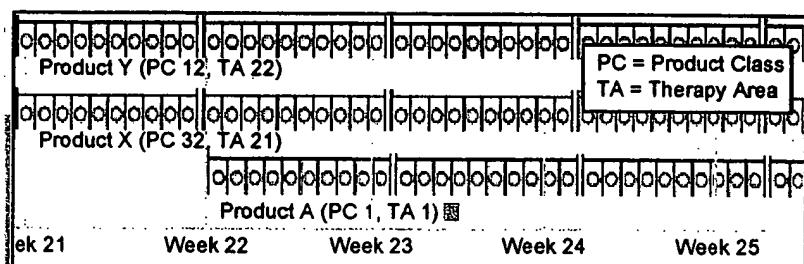
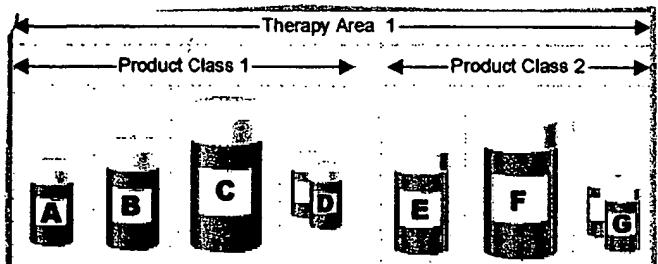
FIG. 10c



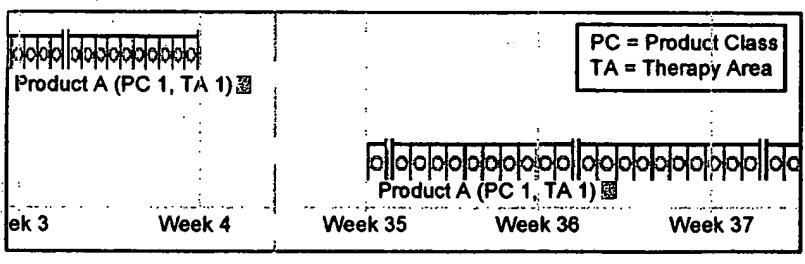
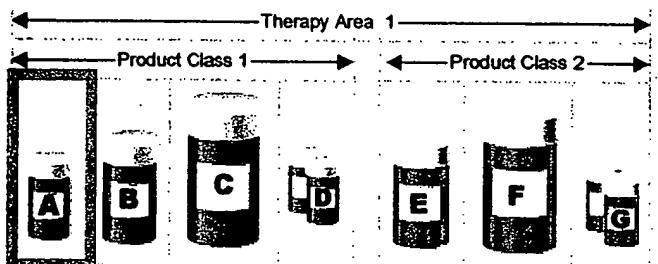
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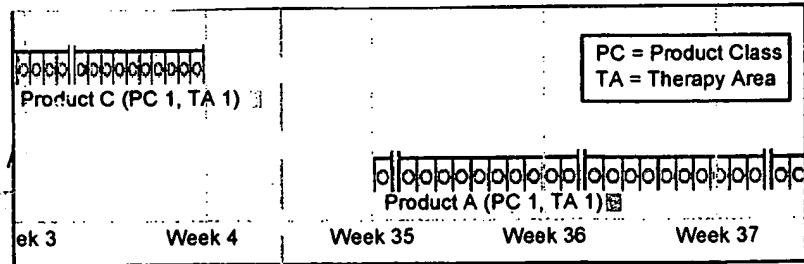
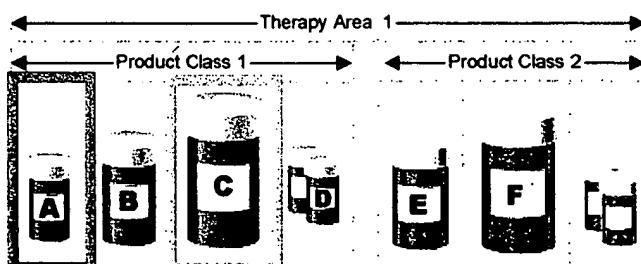
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1046

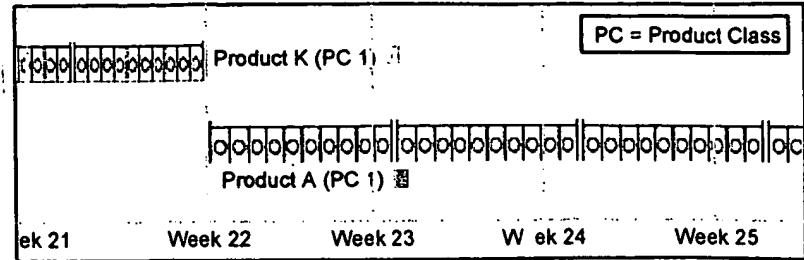
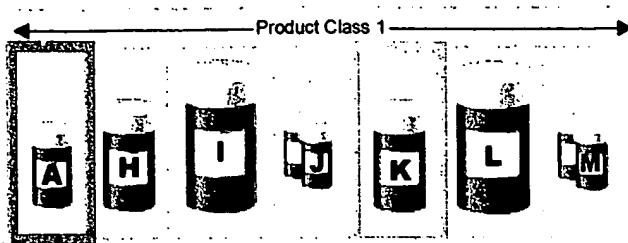


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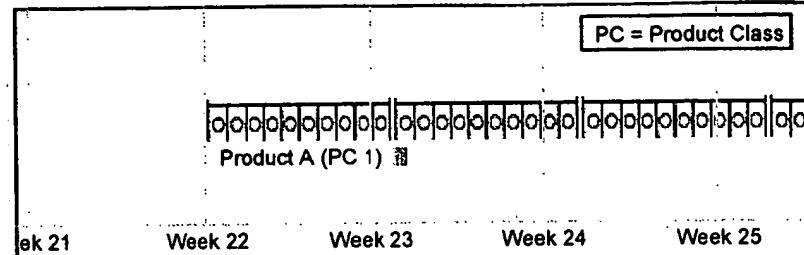
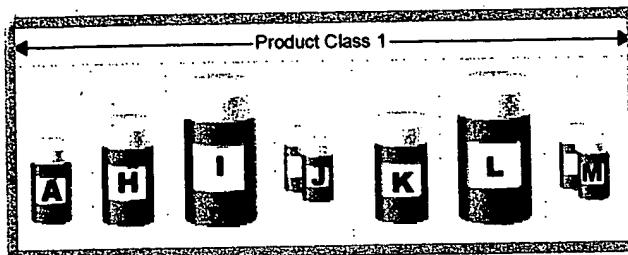


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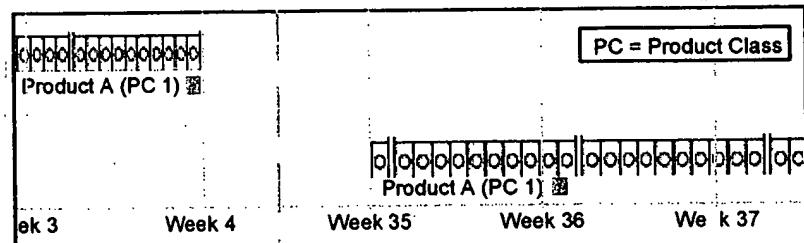
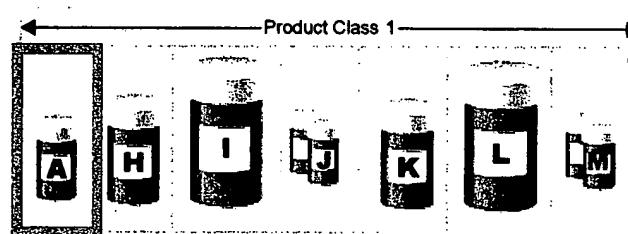
FIG. 10c cont.



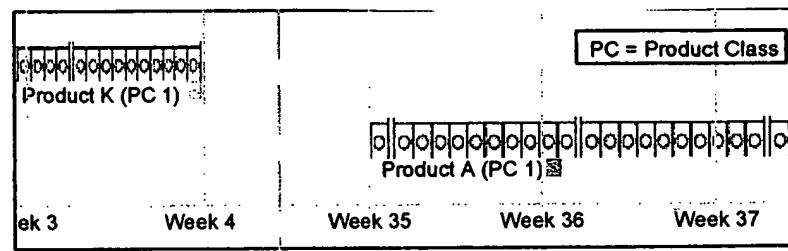
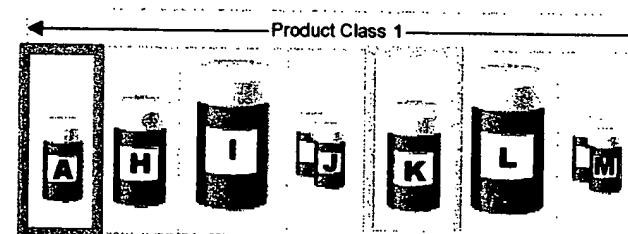
1052



1054



1056



1058

FIG. 10d

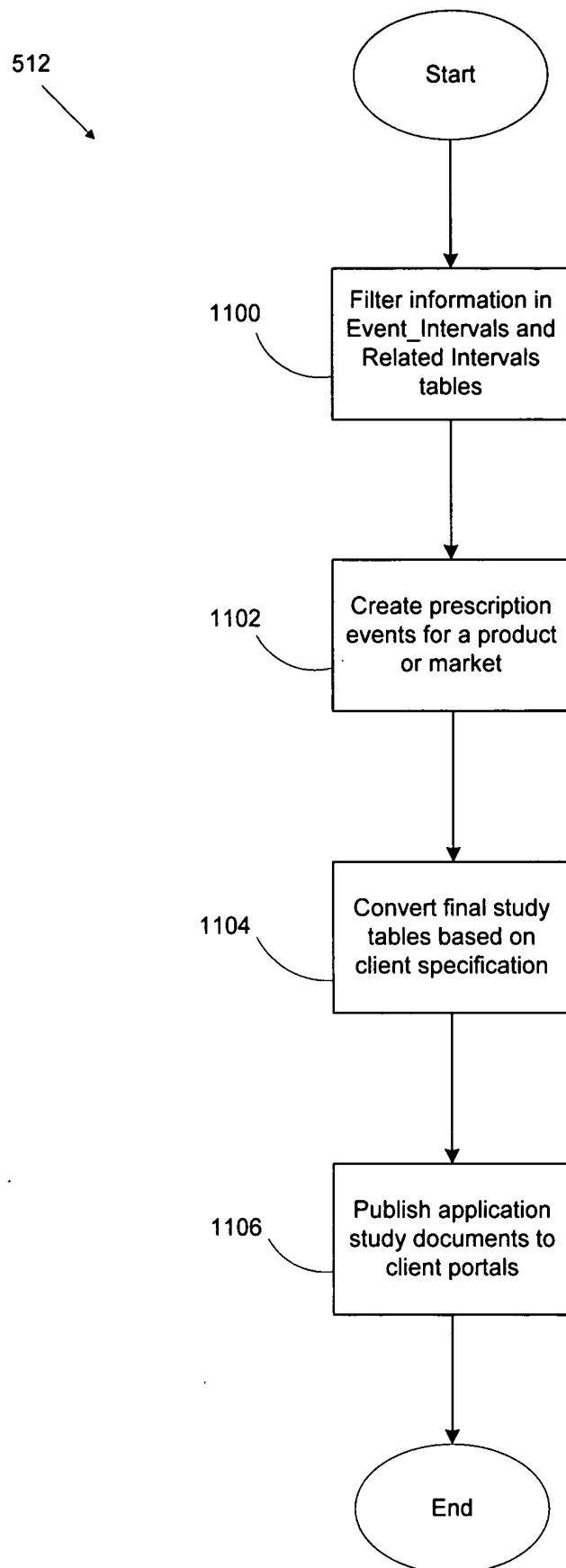


FIG. 11

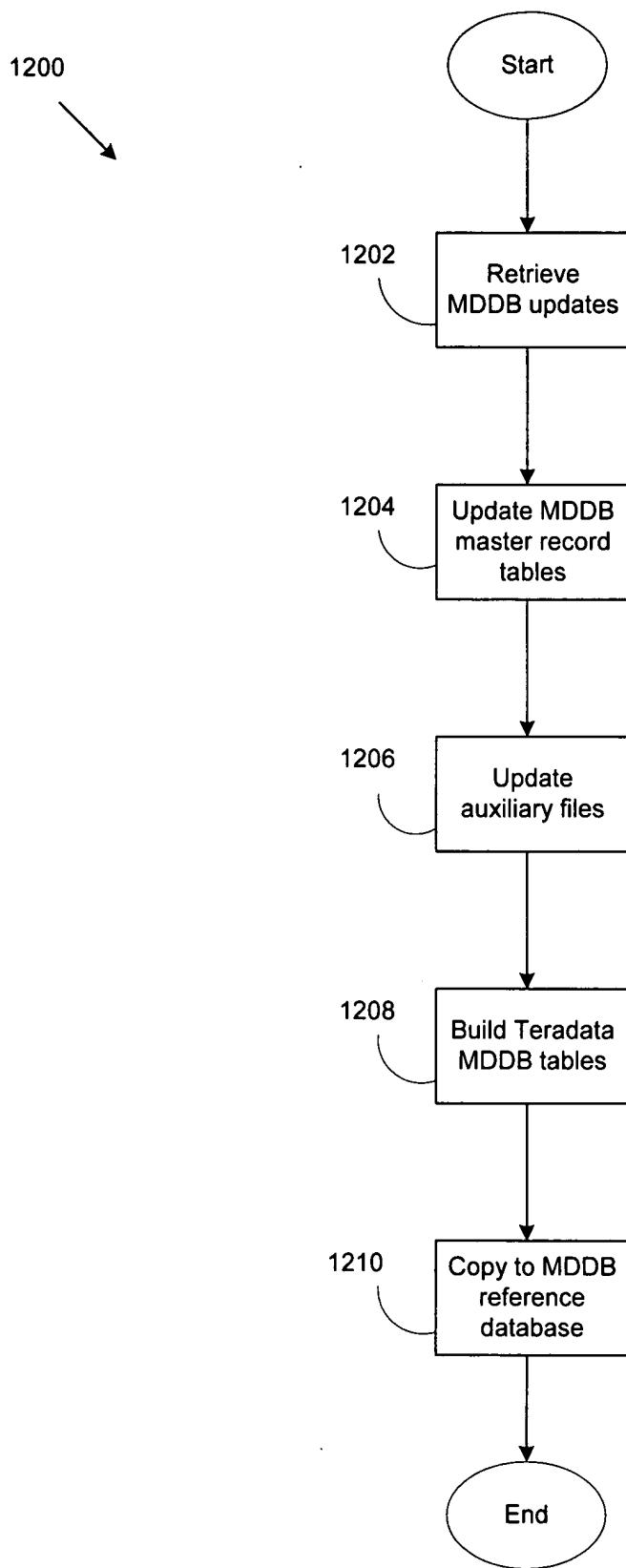


FIG. 12

Tradata MSA Geography table

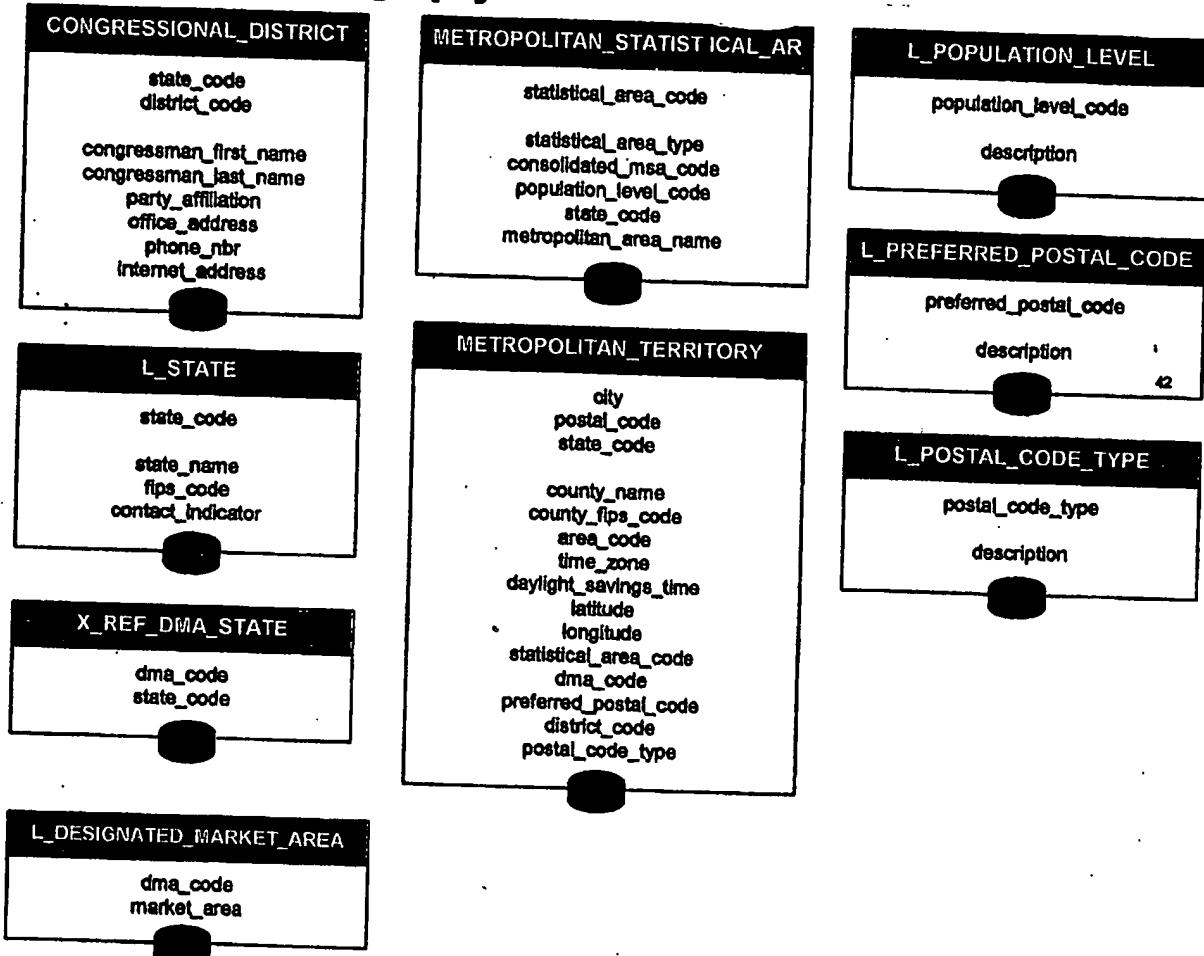


FIG. 13

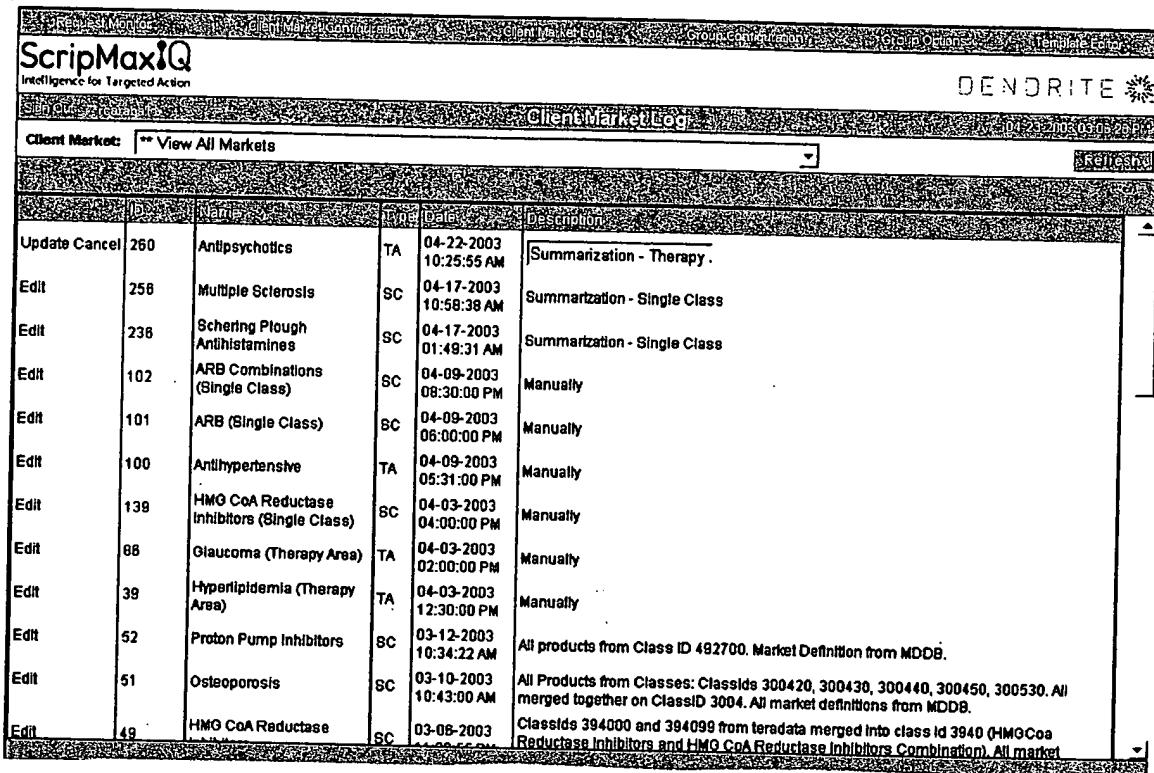


FIG. 14

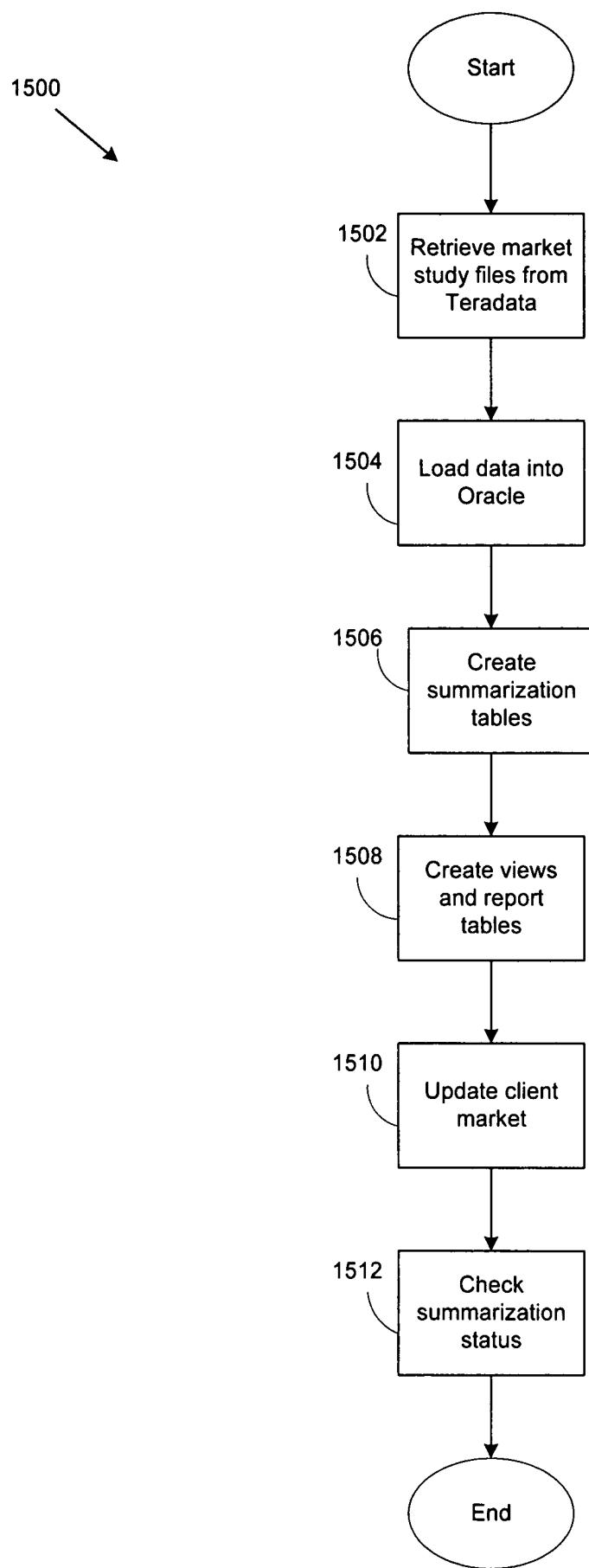


FIG. 15

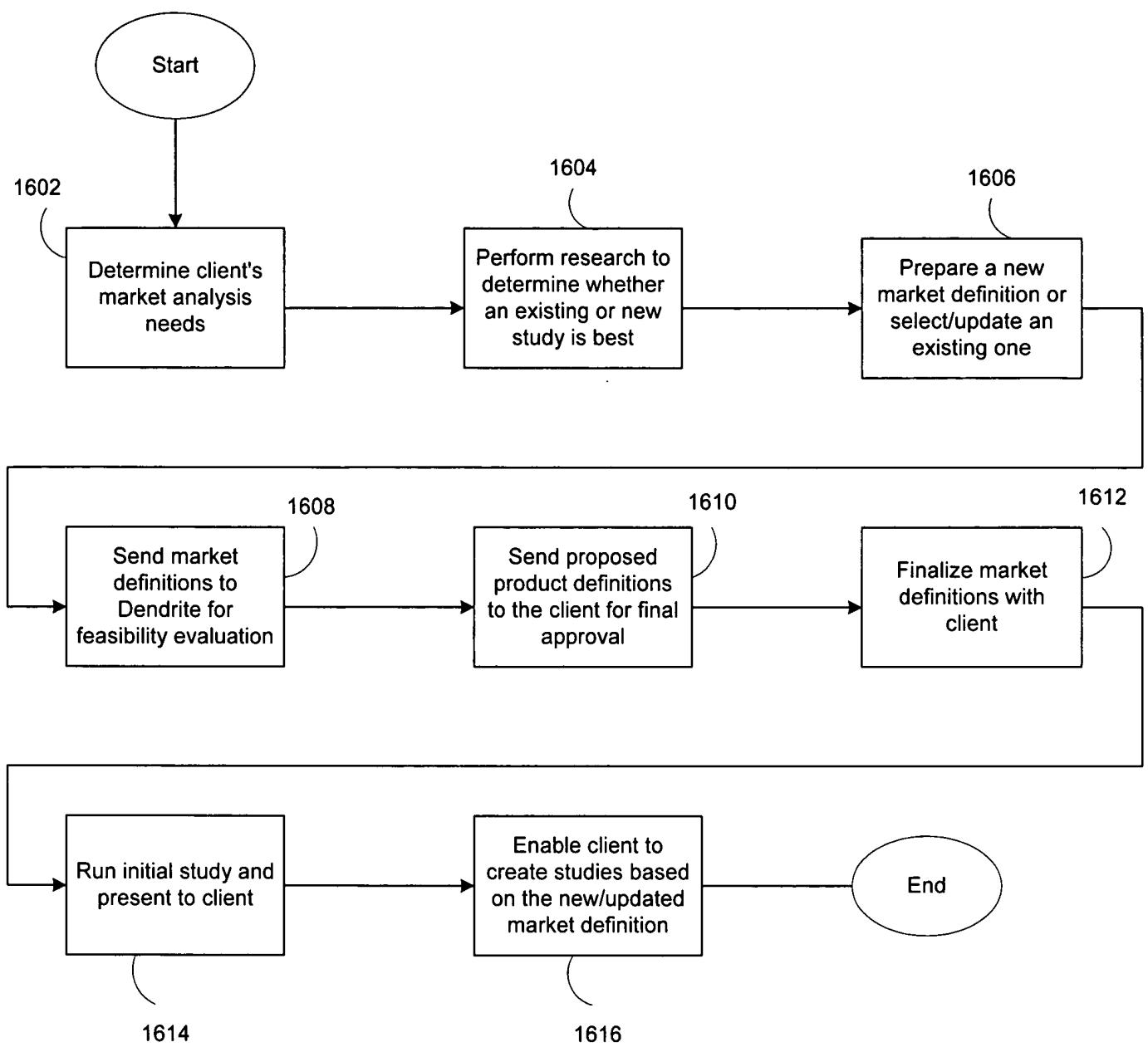


FIG. 16

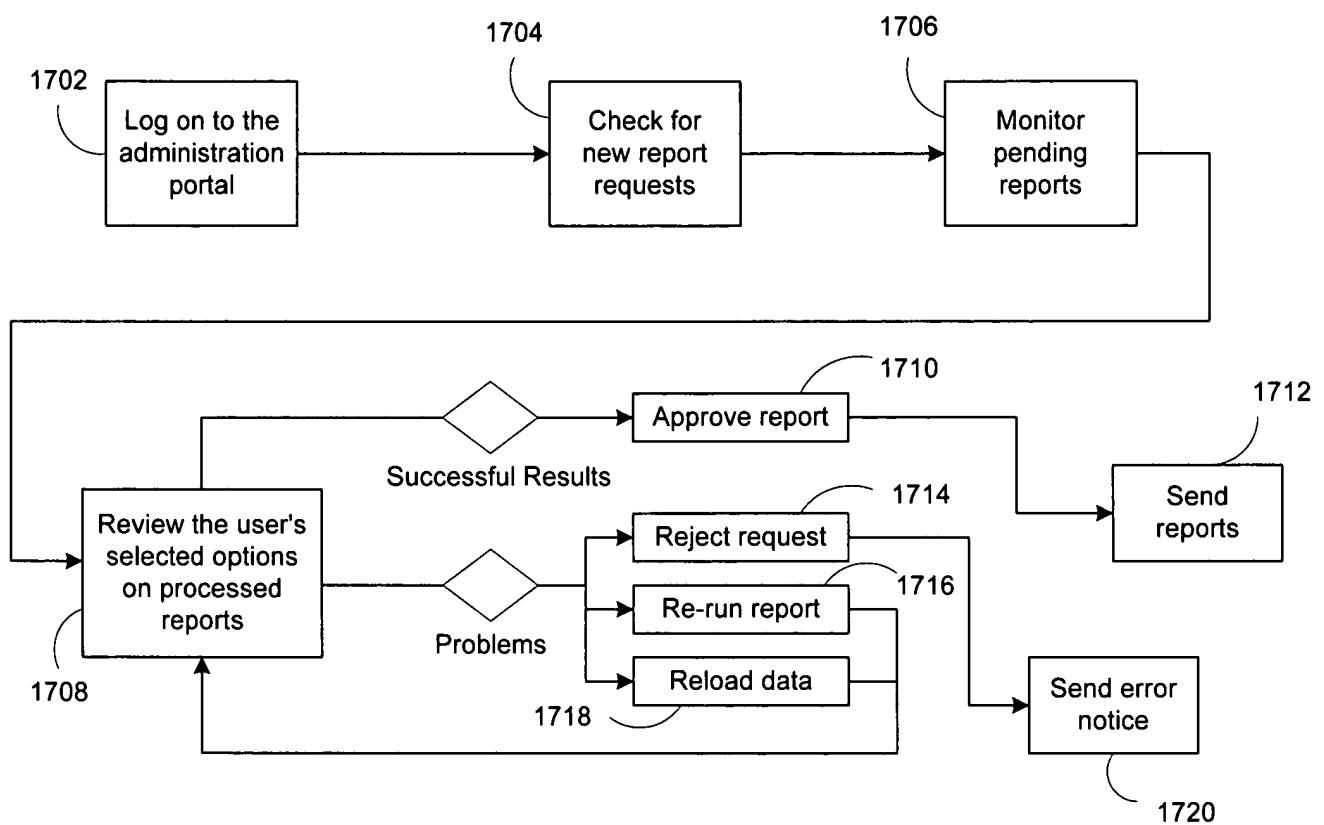


FIG. 17

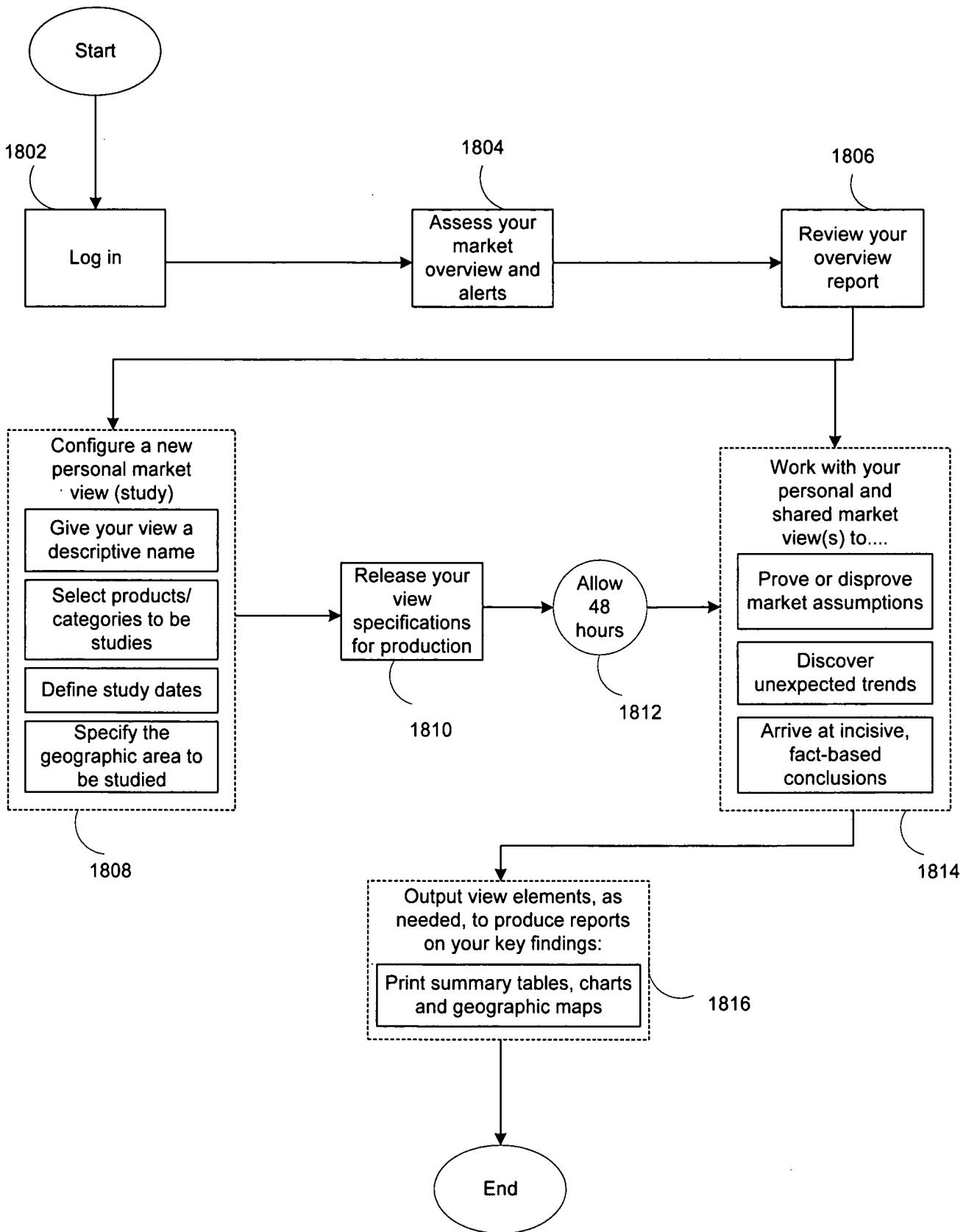


Fig. 18

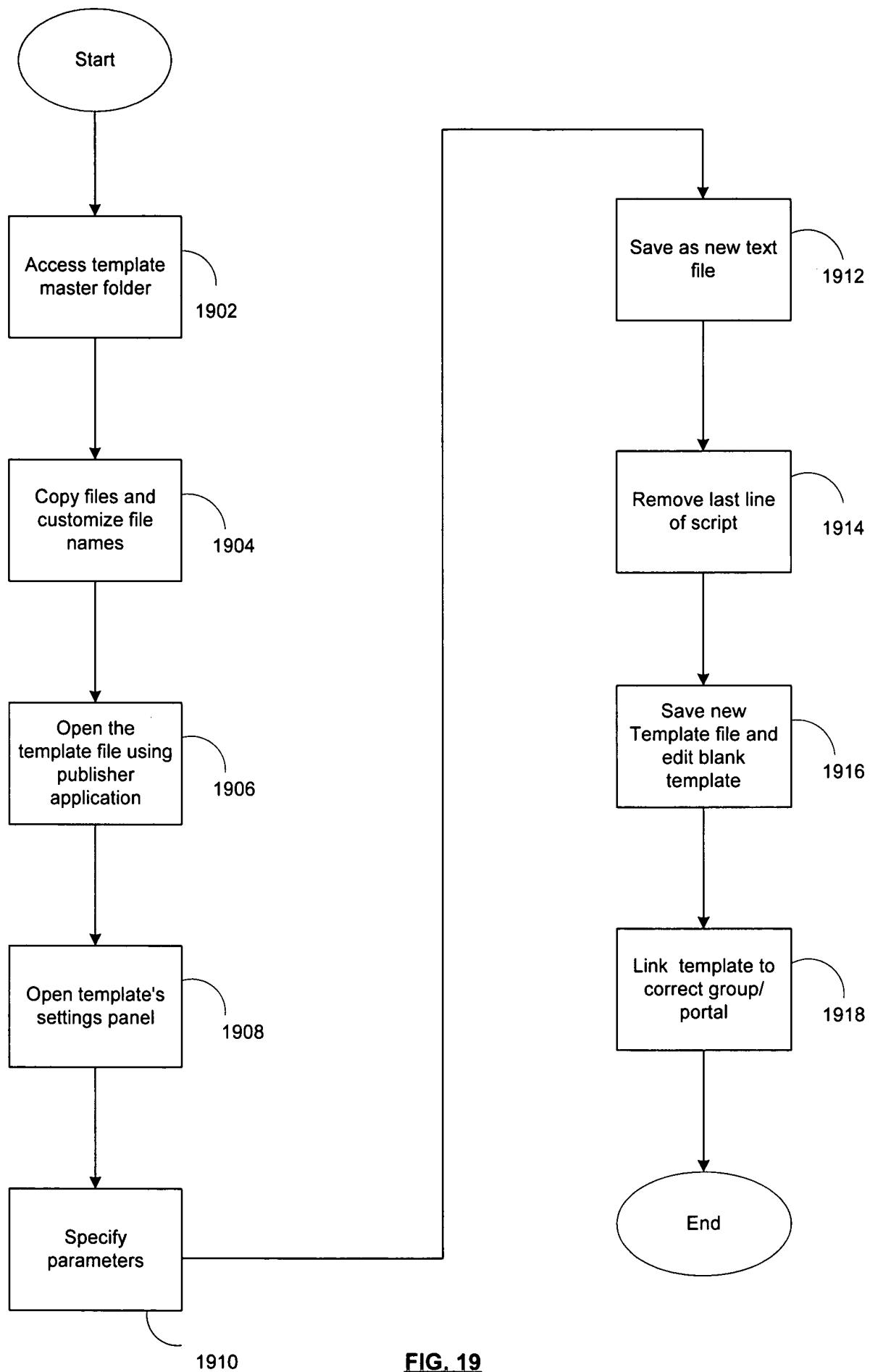
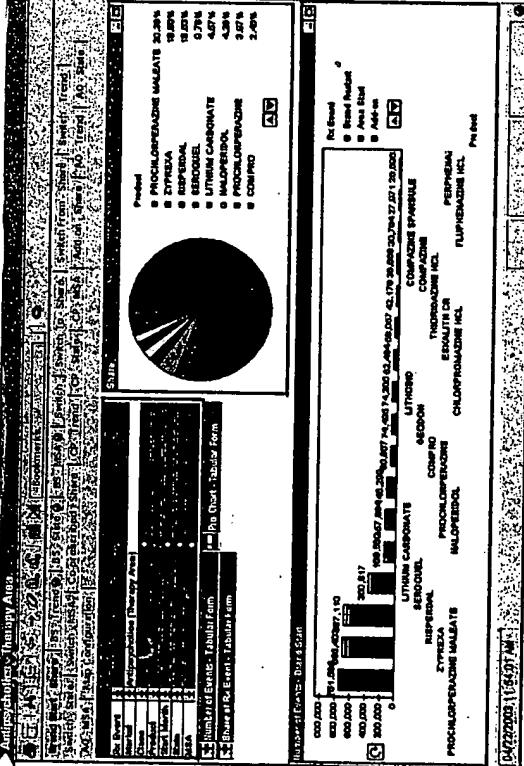


FIG. 19

Therapy Area

Antipsychotics, Therapy Area



Single Class

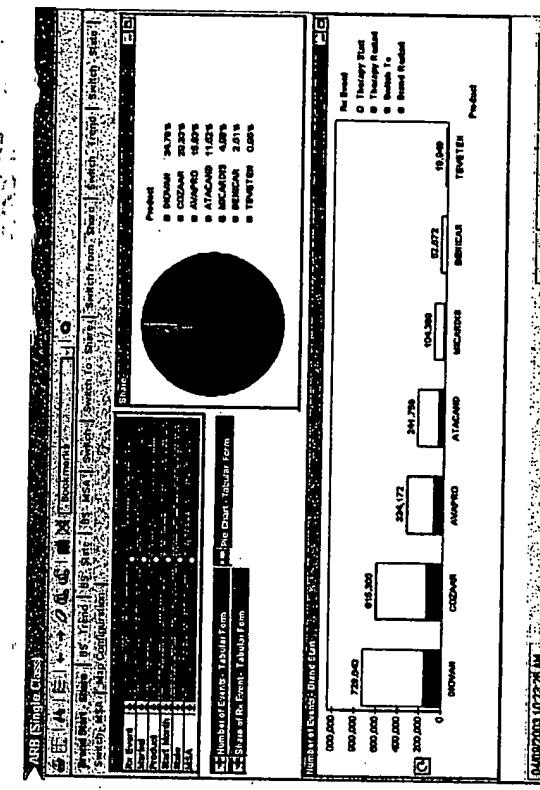


FIG. 20a

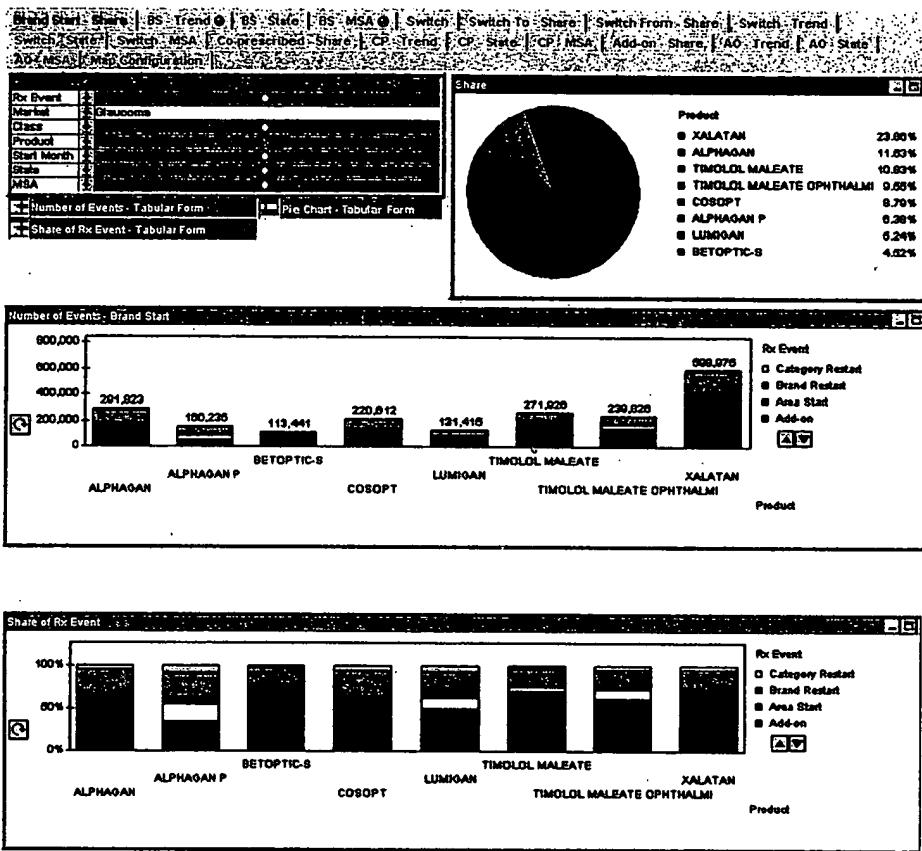


FIG. 20b

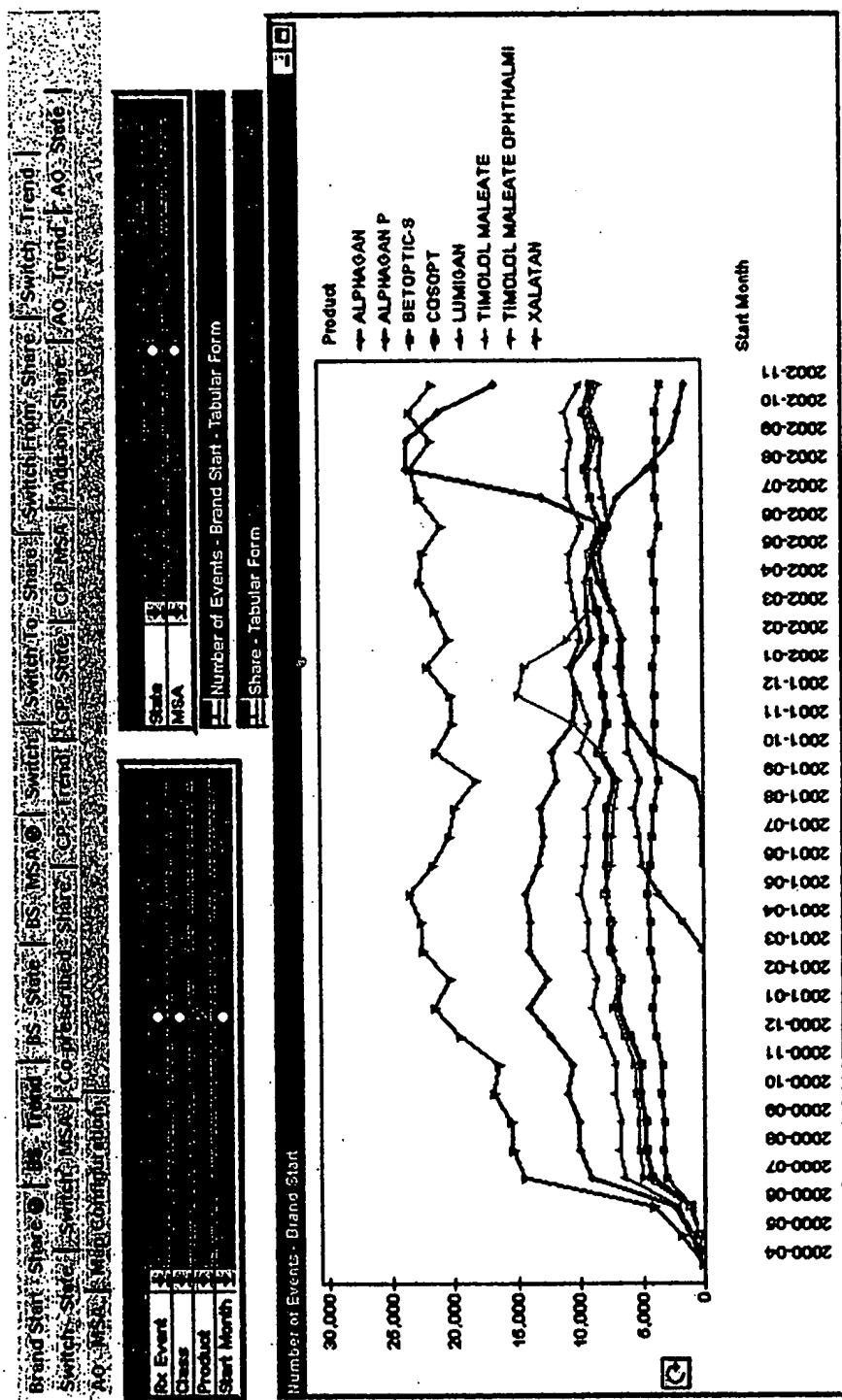
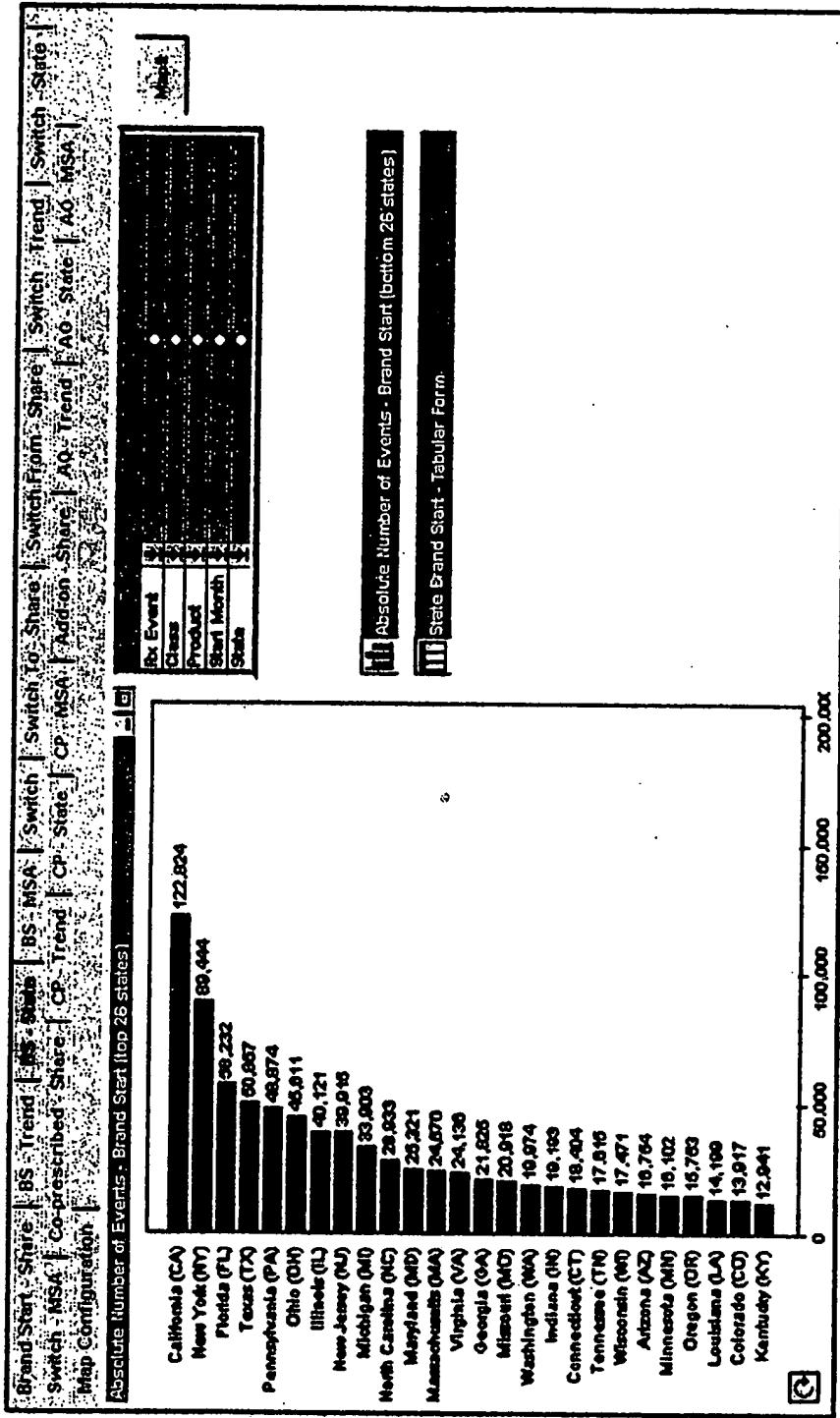


FIG. 20c

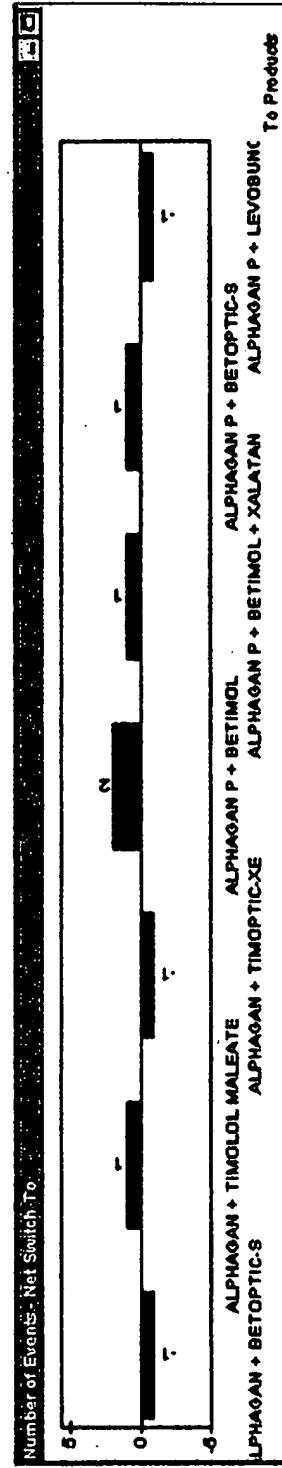
FIG. 20d



Brand Start - Share		BS - Trend		BS - State		BS - MSA		Switch To - Share		Switch From - Share		Switch - Trend													
Switch - Share		Switch - MSA		Co-prescribed		Share		CP - Trend		CP - State		CP - MSA													
AO - MSA		Map Configuration																							
Number of MSA Events: Brand Start																									
MSA																									
Total						Absolute		Over Total Population																	
Events with No Matching MSAs						2,028,283																			
New York, NY PMSA				1,308,151																					
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA				40,883				4,367,83																	
Chicago, IL PMSA				29,881				3,117,97																	
Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA				26,828				3,122,06																	
Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV PMSA				16,154				23,012																	
Orange County, CA PMSA				14,517				3,291,23																	
Boston, MA-NH PMSA				13,183				6,100,33																	
Detroit, MI PMSA				13,128				3,869,98																	
Baltimore, MD PMSA				11,758				2,956,27																	
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA				11,510				4,506,57																	
Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA				11,188				6,113,58																	
Houston, TX PMSA				10,787				4,088,21																	
Atlanta, GA MSA				9,857				2,387,01																	

III Other Values on MSA Events: Brand Start

F1G. 20e



ALPHAGAN + TIMOLDOL MALEATE ALPHAGAN P + BETIMOL ALPHAGAN P + BETOPTIC-S
ALPHAGAN + TIMOPTIC-XE ALPHAGAN P + XALATAN ALPHAGAN P + LEVOBUNIC To Produc

EIG. 204

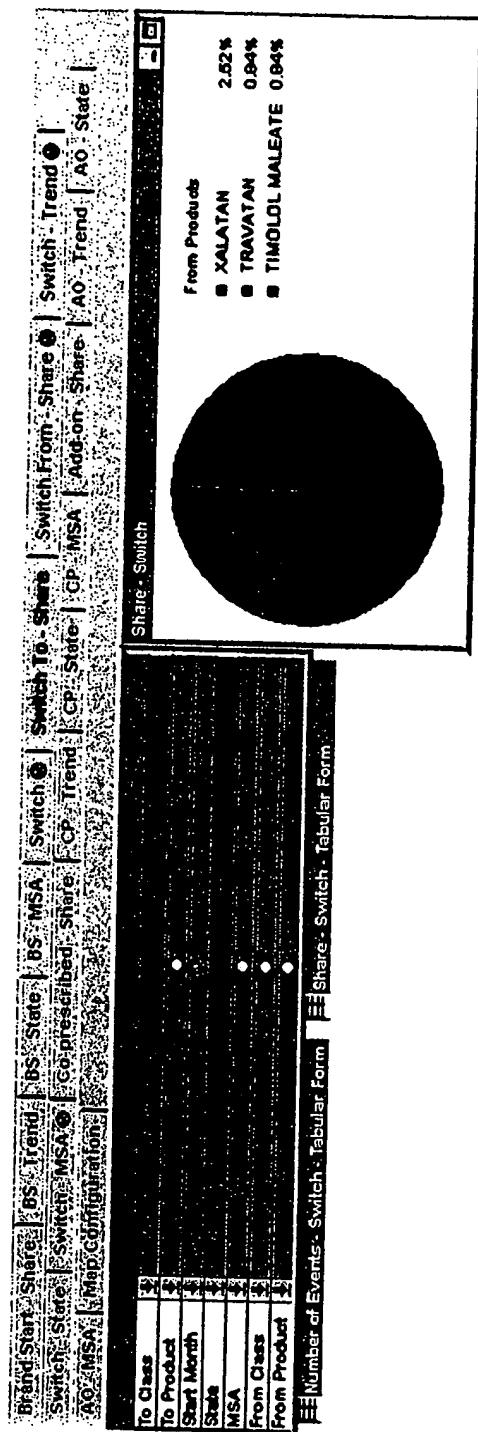


Fig. 209

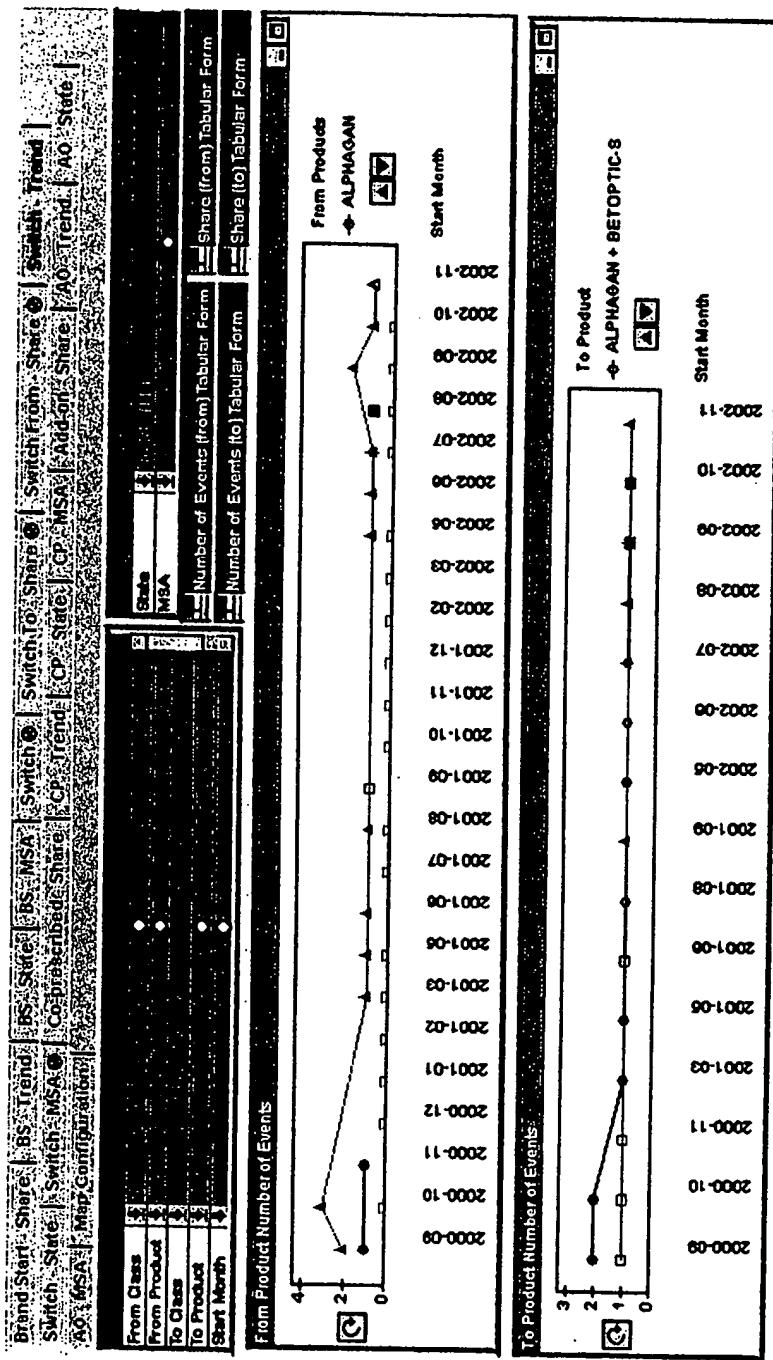
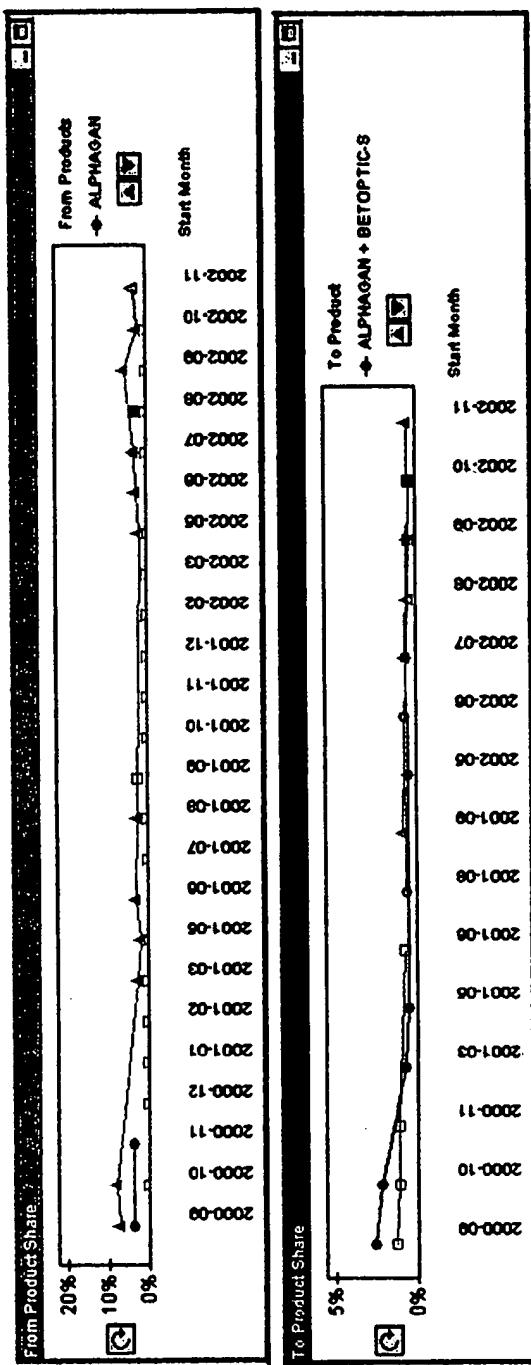


Fig. 20h

FIG. 20 i



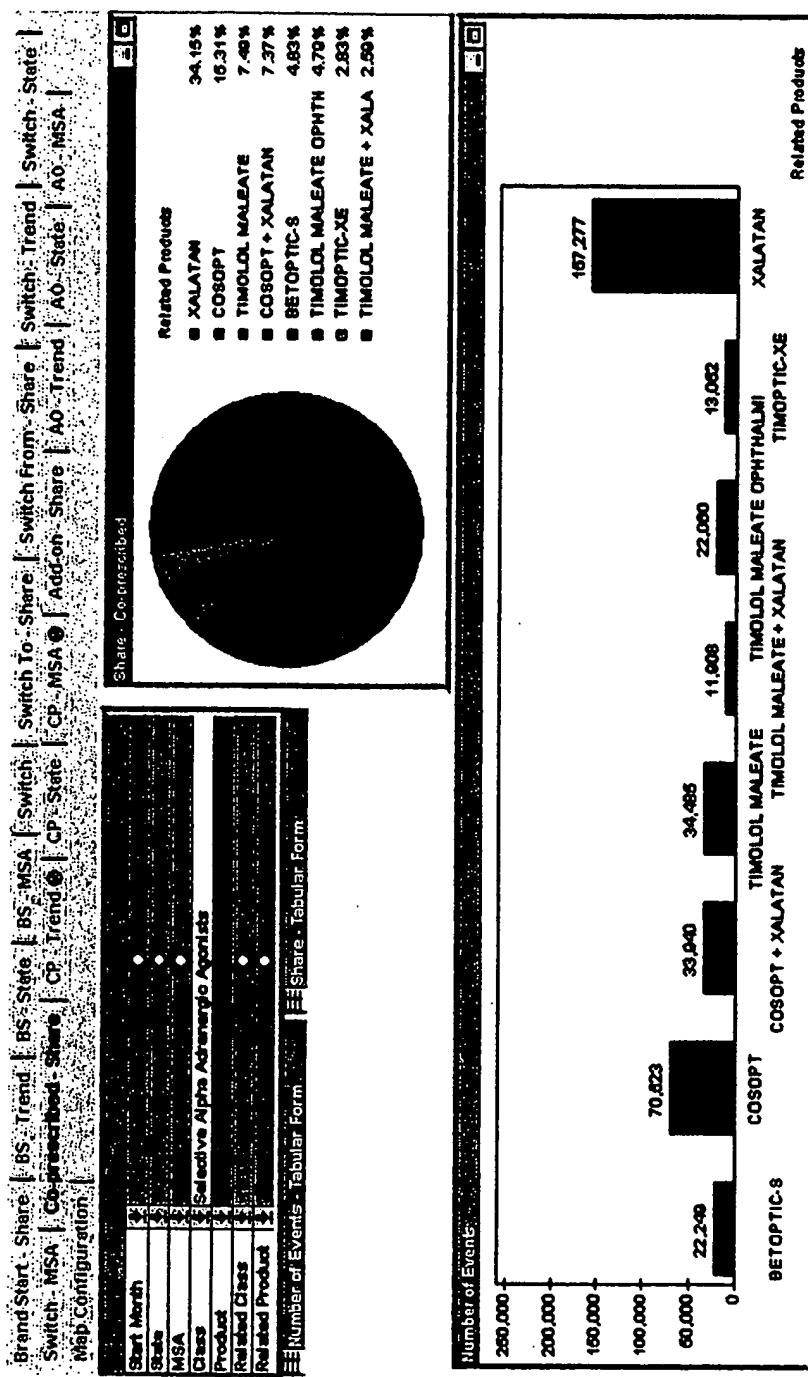


Fig. 204

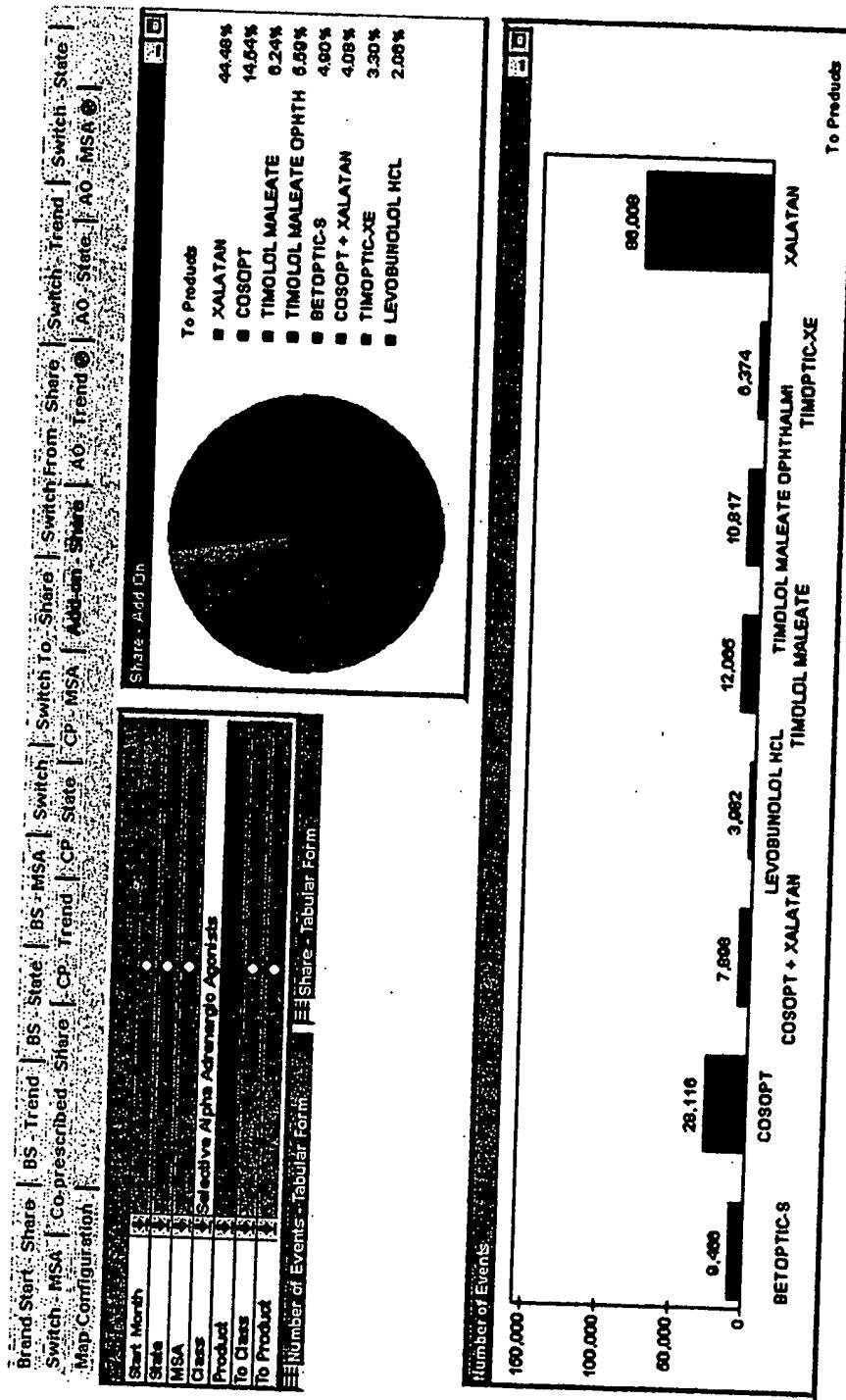


Fig. 20k

Brand Start Share | BS Trend | BS State | BS - MSA | Switch | Switch From Share | Switch To Share | Switch Trend | Switch State
 Switch MSA | Co-prestribed Share | CP Trend | CP State | CP - MSA | Add-on Share | Add-on Trend | Add-on State | Add-on MSA

Layer Configuration

Visibility Behavior: Automatic | Change

Layer	Label	Value	Automatic	Change															
Water	Change	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Country	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
City	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
US Route	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Major Roads	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Highway	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Road	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
State Boundary	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
Highway Boundary	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	
10 Boundary	Automatic	Automatic	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	Change	

Color Scheme: Red | Change To Green

Map Size (height x width): 840 x 780

700 x 1000 | 840 x 780 | 300 x 500 | 100 x 200

Plotting Calculations

Multiplier used in the per capita rates: 1000000

Value Type: Absolute Number of Events Number of Events per Male Population Number of Events per Female Population Number of Events per Under 14 Population Number of Events per Over 65 Population

State Population Values: MSA Population Values:

Fig. 20l

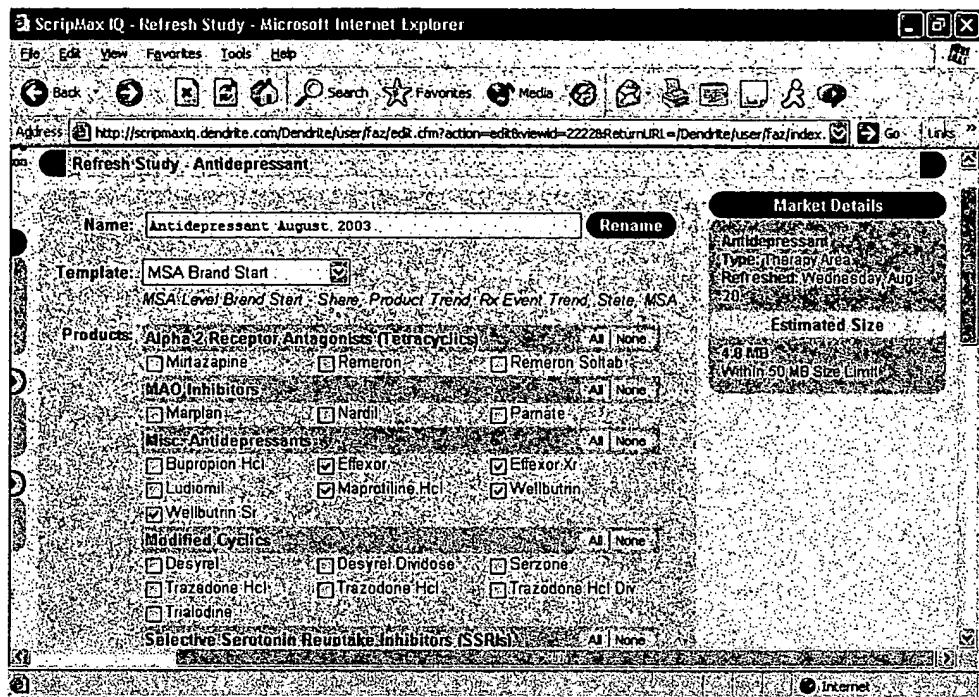


FIG. 21

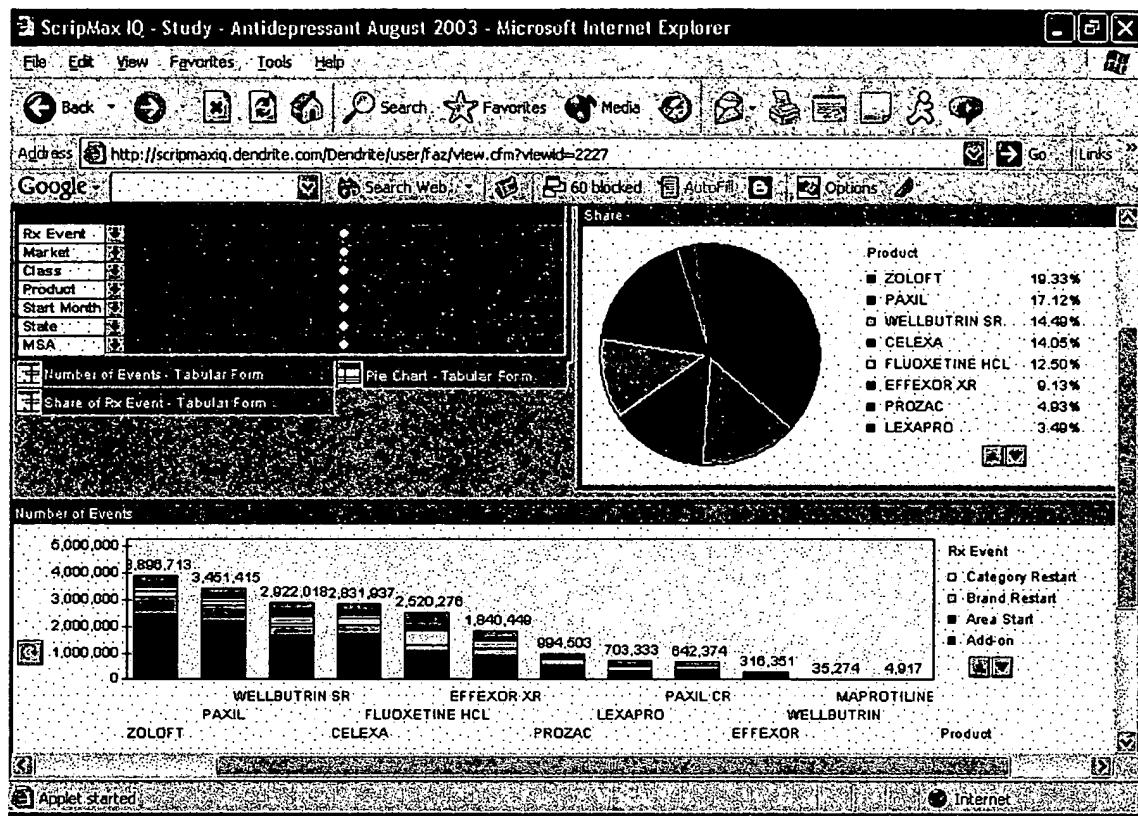


FIG. 22

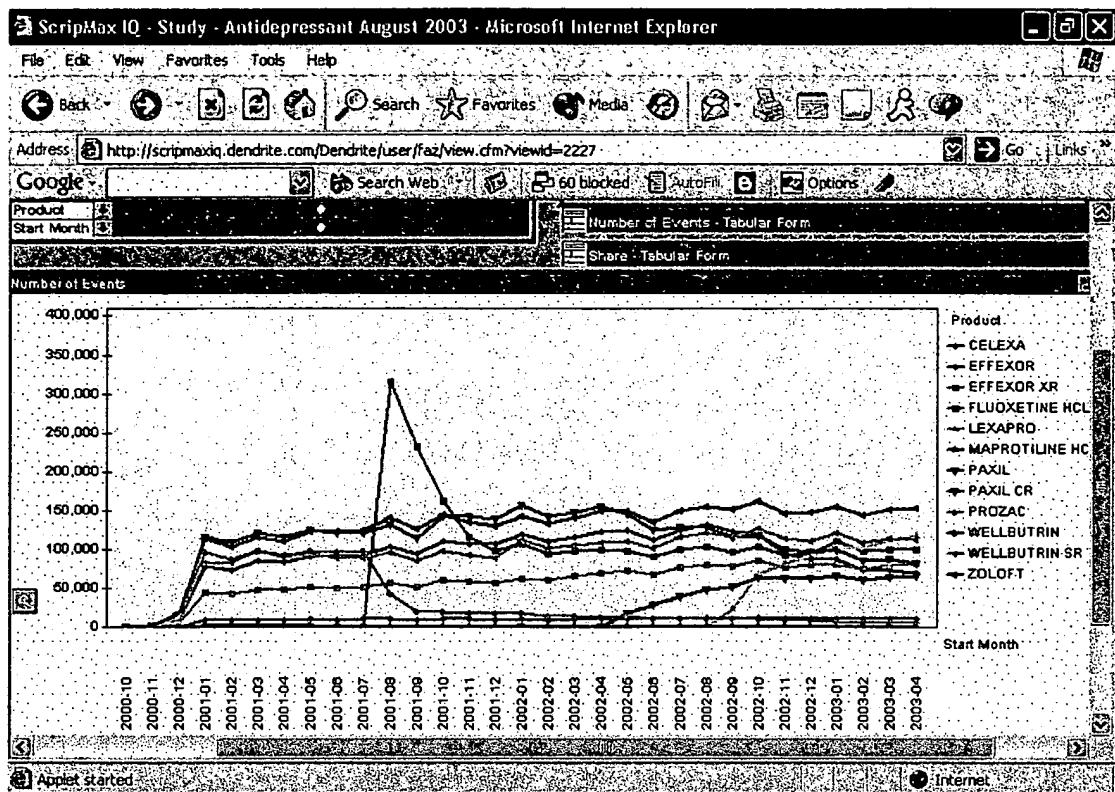


FIG. 23

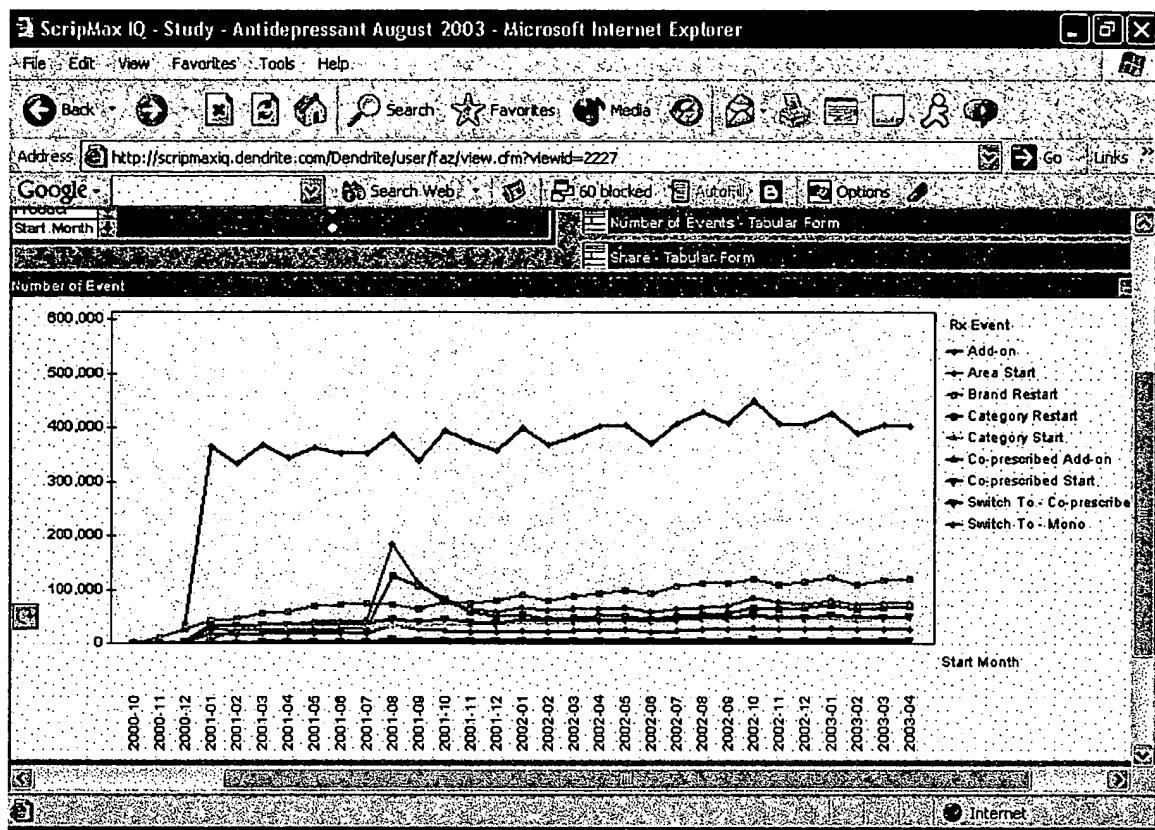


FIG. 24

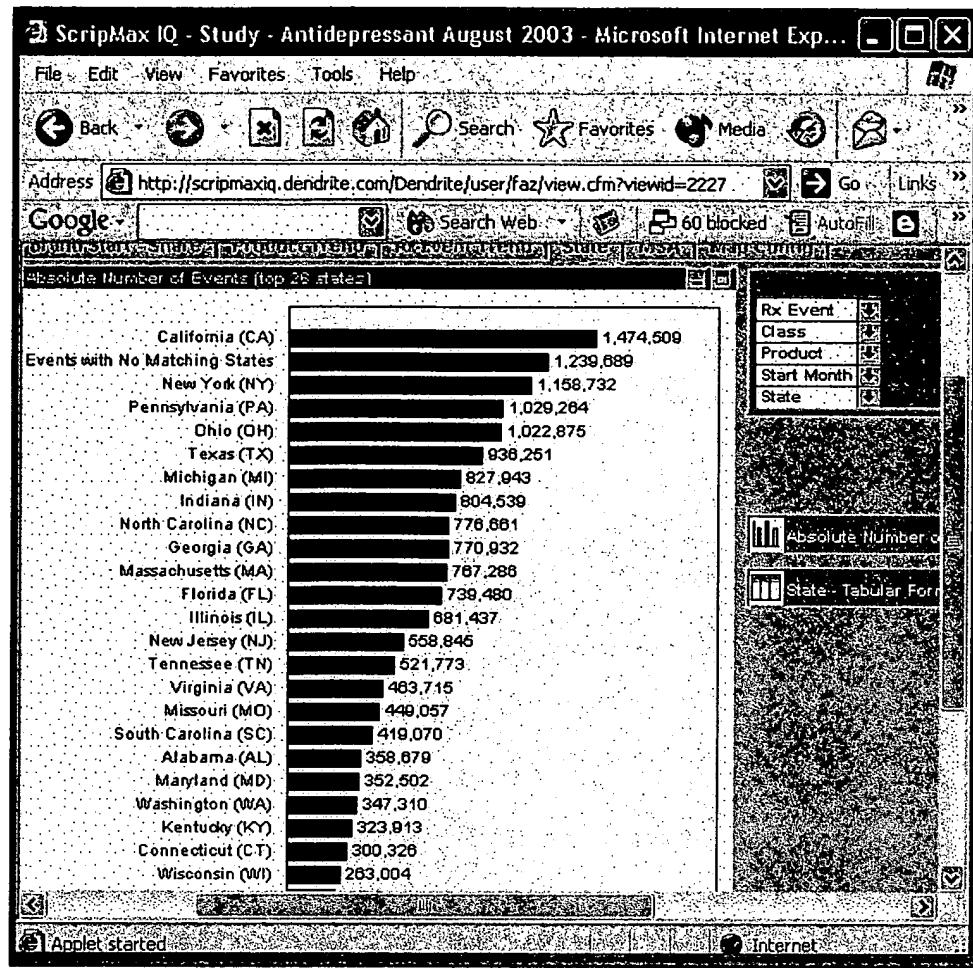


FIG. 25